



Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia OCCUPATIONAL STANDARD

MINERAL EXPLORATION

NTQF Level II and III



Ministry of Education January 2014

Introduction

Ethiopia has embarked on a process of reforming its TVET-System. Within the policies and strategies of the Ethiopian Government, technology transformation – by using international standards and international best practices as the basis, and, adopting, adapting and verifying them in the Ethiopian context – is a pivotal element. TVET is given an important role with regard to technology transfer. The new paradigm in the outcome-based TVET system is the orientation at the current and anticipated future demand of the economy and the labor market.

The Ethiopian Occupational Standards (EOS) are - a core element of the Ethiopian National TVET-Strategy and an important factor within the context of the National TVET-Qualification Framework (NTQF). They are national Ethiopian standards, which define the occupational requirements and expected outcome related to a specific occupation without taking TVET delivery into account.

This document details the mandatory format, sequencing, wording and layout for the Ethiopian Occupational Standard comprised of Units of Competence.

A Unit of Competence describes a distinct work activity. It is documented in a standard format that comprises:

- Occupational title, NTQF level
- Unit code
- Unit title
- Unit descriptor
- Elements and Performance criteria
- Variables and Range statement
- Evidence guide

Together all the parts of a Unit of Competence guide the assessor in determining whether the candidate is competent.

The ensuing sections of this EOS document comprise a description of the respective occupation with all the key components of a Unit of Competence:

- the chart with an overview of all Units of Competence for the respective occupation (Unit of Competence Chart) including the Unit Codes and the Unit of Competence titles
- the contents of each Unit of Competence this includes further directions on the contents and format of the unit of competence
- occupational map providing the Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) providers with information and important requirements to consider when designing training programs for this standards, and for the individual, a career path

Dogg 1 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 1 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

UNIT OF COMPETENCE CHART

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration

Occupational Code: MIN MEO

NTQF Level II

MIN MEO2 01 0114

Work Safely and Follow OHS Policies and Procedures

MIN MEO2 02 0114

Operate in Isolated and Remote Situations

MIN MEO2 03 0114

Conduct Field Work

MIN MEO2 04 0114

Conduct Local Risk Control MIN MEO2 05 0114

Collect Routine Site Samples

MIN MEO2 06 0114

Operate and Maintain a Four Wheel Drive Vehicle

MIN MEO2 07 0114

Carryout Operational Maintenance

MIN MEO2 08 0114

Participate in Environmentally Sustainable Work Practices MIN MEO2 09 0114

Provide Field Support Services

MIN MEO2 10 0114

Participate in Workplace Communication

MIN MEO2 11 0114

Work in Team Environment MIN MEO2 12 0114

Develop Business Practice

MIN MEO2 13 0114

Standardize and Sustain 3S

NTQF Level III

MIN MEO3 01 0114

Identify and Assess Environmental and Heritage Concerns

MIN MEO3 02 0114

Apply First Aid

MIN MEO3 03 0114

Plan and Undertake Field Trip

MIN MEO3 04 0114

Rehabilitate Exploration Site

MIN MEO3 05 0114

Operate and Maintain Instruments and Field Equipment

MIN MEO3 06 0114

Prepare Drill Site

MIN MEO3 07 0114

Provide Geological Field Assistance

MIN MEO3 08 0114

Process Data and Maintain Accurate Records

MIN MEO3 09 0114

Mobilise Equipment and Materials

MIN MEO3 10 0114

Implement and Monitor Environmentally Sustainable Work Practices

MIN MEO3 11 0114

Monitor Implementation of Work Plan/Activities

MIN MEO3 12 0114

Apply Quality Control

MIN MEO3 13 0114

Lead Workplace Communication

MIN MEO3 14 0114

Lead Small Teams

MIN MEO3 15 0114

Improve Business Practice

MIN MEO3 16 0114

Prevent and Eliminate MUDA

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level II		
Unit Title	nit Title Work Safely and Follow OHS Policies and Procedures	
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 01 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers working safely and follow OHS policies and procedures in mining industries. It includes accessing and apply site safety procedures; applying personal safety measures and operational safety measures; maintaining personal wellbeing for job; and identifying and reporting incidents	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Access and apply site safety procedures	1.1. Compliance documentation relevant to working safely and follow OHS policies and procedures is accessed, interpreted and applied.
	 Isolation of energy sources and immobilization of potential energy sources, including tagging are carried out according to required procedures.
	1.3. Destinations are located within the site by interpreting and applying maps, site plans, transport rules and signage.
	1.4. Breaches in site safety are identified and acted on or reported in accordance with required procedures.
Apply personal safety measures	2.1. Personal protective equipment is used in accordance with required procedures.
	2.2. A clean and tidy safe working area is established and maintained in accordance with required procedures.
	2.3. Permits and clearances are obtained in accordance with required procedures, before specialized work is carried out.
	2.4. Safe <i>manual handling</i> procedures are applied in accordance with guidance and/or procedures.
	2.5. Site procedures are identified and applied for conducting high-risk activities.
3. Apply operational	3.1. Alarms are recognized and given response in accordance with required procedures.
safety measures	3.2. Own responsibility is identified and clarified in regard to emergency situation procedures and <i>emergency situations</i> are responded and reported in accordance required procedures.
	3.3. Basic fire fighting techniques are applied in accordance with requirements.
	3.4. <i>Emergency escape route</i> (<i>s</i>) and procedures are identified in accordance with requirements.
4. Maintain personal	4.1. <i>Risks to personal wellbeing</i> is identified and preventative strategies are recognized to minimize impact on site.
Page 4 of 122 Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1 Ministry of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 20	

wellbeing for job	4.2. Situations which may endanger the individual or others are identified, acted on and reported.
	4.3. Site requirements are accessed and explained for <i>fitness for duty</i> .
	4.4. Site policies are adhered to in relation to smoking, alcohol and drug use.
5. Identify and report incidents	5.1. Site incident and injury statistics are understood in accordance with required procedures.
	5.2. Incidents and injuries are reported and recorded in accordance with required procedures.
	5.3. Incident investigations are made contributory and participatory in accordance with the responsibilities and protection under the relevant legislation.

Variable	Range	
Relevant	May include but not limited to:	
compliance	 legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures 	
documentation		
documentation	manufacturer's guidelines and specifications industry standards	
	industry standards and of practice	
	code of practice	
	management plans	
	safe working procedures (or equivalent)	
	tagging and lockout procedures	
	toxic substances procedures	
	gas monitoring procedures	
	Employment and workplace relations legislation	
	 Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination legislation 	
Personal protectiv		
equipment	hard hats	
	first aid kit	
	survival kit	
	hearing protection	
	eye protection	
	safety boots	
	respiratory masks	
	other prescribed clothing and equipment related to tasks	
	 self rescuers which may include filter or self contained types 	
Permits and	May include but not limited to:	
clearances	access to areas	
	welding and cutting	
	power line clearances	
	start-up procedures	
	blasting/shot firing	
	working at height	
	confined spaces	
Page 5 of 122	Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1	
Mir	nistry of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014	

	• vertical eneminas
	vertical openings
NA I la III'	digs, tunnels and penetrations
Manual handling	May include but not limited to:
	the use of mechanical handling aids which are present at the
	workplace place and included in the relevant standards and
	code of practice
	• team lifting
Emergency	May include but not limited to:
situations	emergency evacuation
	• fire
	incident or injury
	electrical shock
	• falls
	dehydration
	entrapment
	inrush/flooding
	• fumes
	• explosions
	• storm
	other extreme weather condition
	working in remote locations
Emergency escape	May include but not limited to:
route(s)	those identified at the workplace and may include the primary
,	and secondary escape route(s)
Risks to personal	May include but not limited to:
wellbeing	non adherence to safety procedures and policies
	• stress
	communicable diseases
	adverse personal hygiene
	horseplay
Fitness for duty	May include but not limited to:
. m. coo .c. daily	smoking restrictions
	alcohol impairment
	improper use of drugs
	fatigue management
	physiological and psychological stress
	medication
	• illness
	- III1000

Evidence Gui	de		
Critical aspects of Demonstrate		ate knowledge and skills of:	
 the requirements, procedures and instructions for working safely and follow OHS policies and procedures implementation of requirements, procedures and technique working safely and follow OHS policies and procedures working with others to work safely and follow OHS policies procedures consistent timely completion of work that is safe and follow 		echniques for dures policies and	
Page 6 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
1 490 0 01 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	OHS policies and procedures	
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:	
Knowledge and	_	
Attitudes		
Allitudes	personal protective equipment	
	hazardous substances procedures and handling techniques	
	Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) information and its	
	application	
	• isolation procedures	
	 lifting techniques, including for both manual and automated lifting 	
	OHS procedures	
	primary and secondary ventilation	
	• site safety requirements and procedures	
	participative procedures for workplace management of others	
	(e.g. consultation, safety representatives, committees, dispute	
	resolution)	
	• potential biological effects (e.g. circadian rhythms, sleep,	
	alertness, fatigue, stress, effects of heat stress and	
	hypothermia)	
	drug and alcohol policy	
	use of emergency equipment	
	basic fire fighting techniques	
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills of:	
error priming crime	apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures for working safely	
	• source, interpret and apply safety information	
	use and care of personal protective equipment	
	apply safe lifting and handling techniques	
	• implement workplace reporting procedures	
	communicate clearly and directly, listening carefully to instructions and information, reasonables to and electricians.	
	instructions and information, responding to and clarifying directions	
	 apply teamwork to a range of situations, particularly in a safety context 	
	• solve problems, particularly in teams and in dealing practically	
	with safety issues such as recognising and responding to	
	alarms	
	 show initiative in adapting to changing work conditions or 	
	contexts particularly when working across a variety of work	
	areas and in choosing appropriate personal protective	
	equipment for each context	
	 manage time, particularly in organising priorities and planning work 	
	• take responsibility for self organisation of work priorities to	
	follow site safe work procedures	
	apply a range of mediums to learn	
	apply and use appropriate technology in a safety context	
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,	
	1 1 2	

Dogg 7 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 7 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to	
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a	
Assessment	simulated work place setting.	

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level II		
Unit Title	Operate in Isolated and Remote Situations	
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 02 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers operation in isolated and remote situations in the exploration/mining industry. It includes planning and preparing for operating in remote environments, preparing for emergency situations, and operating in remote environments.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Plan for operating in remote	1.1. Compliance documentation relevant to the work activity is accessed, interpreted and applied.
environments	1.2. Information relating to operating in the <i>remote environment</i> is collated and recorded.
	1.3. Detailed operating and travel plans, including a disaster plan and fallback position, are established in consultation with supervising staff.
	1.4. Appropriate authorities of the action plans and time schedules are notified according to enterprise policy.
	1.5. Relevant maps are identified and sourced.
Prepare for operating in	2.1. Personal needs are prepared for activities or travel in remote areas.
remote environments	2.2. Transportation and equipment are prepared for use in prescribed work location or along prescribed routes.
	2.3. Relevant maps are obtained and studied prior to departure.
	2.4. Planned activities and itinerary are reported and recorded accurately prior to departure.
3. Prepare for emergency	3.1. Provisioning meets are checked expected operational and possible <i>emergency needs</i> .
situations	3.2. Initial <i>planning</i> and regular monitoring are checked to ensure <i>structured use of available provisions</i> and resources.
	3.3. Operating plan is structured to include training in remote area survival techniques prior to operating in remote situations.
	3.4. Emergency management procedures are included as an integral part of operating plans and enterprise policy.
Operate in remote environments	4.1. Activities are completed according to instructions and established time schedules.
	4.2. All activities are carried out in remote situations in accordance with prescribed procedures.
	4.3. Emergency situations are handled in accordance with prescribed procedures and enterprise policy.

Page 9 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 9 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

4.4. Established reporting procedures are followed on completion	
of planned activities and on return to base.	

Variable	Range
Relevant	May include but not limited to:
compliance	legislative, organisational and site requirements and procedures
documentation	manufacturer's guidelines and specifications
	Industry standards
	Employment and workplace relations legislation
	Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination
	legislation
	guidelines and reporting procedures for personnel operating in
	remote environments
	personal diary records as well as property records
Remote	May include but not limited to:
environment	any workplace where the ability to get help because of distance
	is such that personal safety may be at risk
Appropriate	May include but not limited to:
authorities	• the property manager, other staff or recognised regulatory
	authorities (e.g., Police, Local Administration, State Emergency
	Service, and Civil Aviation Authority)
Personal needs	May include but not limited to:
	water generating and shade generating gear
	non-perishable survival rations
	mosquito net and repellent
	clothing to provide for the worst case scenario
Emergency needs	May include but not limited to:
	First Aid supplies
	• spare parts
	• telephones
	• two way radios
	repair tools for the selected form of transportation
	• retrieval, communications, prescribed emergency equipment for
	water travel
	emergency beacons and other position location devices
	emergency planning including establishment of contingency plane ("fallbook position")
Planning	plans ("fallback position") May include but not limited to:
Fiaming	establishment of time schedules and intended outcomes in
	consultation with managers and supervising staff
	provisioning for extreme circumstances, including worst case
	scenario
	identification of alternative routes, available water supplies and
	travel conditions such as checks of actual and forecast weather
	conditions
	consideration of any unplanned deviation from the planned
	route, itinerary or timing including the work processes involved
	establishment of rescue plans and the consideration of what

Page 10 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 10 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	circumstances might require such an operation to be mounted
Structured usage	May include but not limited to:
of provisions	available provisions and resources used at a rate that sustains the individual or party and will last if possible until the end of any possible delays or emergency situations
Training in remote	May include but not limited to:
area survival	managing emergencies
techniques	location and/or distilling of water
	provision and erection of shelter
	• conservation of energy
	• the identification and use of wild food (bush tucker)
	GPS position locating
	setting out beacons and distress signalling
	staying put or remaining with transport
	communicating with rescue teams
Emergency	May include but not limited to:
situations	vehicle or equipment breakdown
	lack of food, water or protective clothing
	• flood, fire or storm
Types of working situations	working alone or in teams
Operational strategies	Operational strategies
Personnel briefings	 provision of advice on intended routes, work locations, maps and direction finding equipment
Communication	2-way radio, satellite radio/phone, marine radio or mobile telephone
Distress signalling	 EPIRBs(Emergency position-indicating radio beacons), signaling mirrors, fire or signals scratched on the ground
Licensing	 operating vehicles on roads, heritage reserves or public reserves, radio communications equipment

Evidence Guide		
Critical aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:	
Competence	 the requirements, procedures and instructions for operation in isolated and remote situations 	
	 implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for the safe, effective and efficient operation in isolated and remote situations 	
	 working with others to operate in isolated and remote situation that meets all of the required outcomes 	
	 consistent timely completion of operation in isolated and rensituations that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the required outcomes 	
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:	
Knowledge and Attitudes	 map reading and navigation skills including direction finding (e.g., GPS, use of compass, stars or watch) 	
	• local topography, nearby inhabitants and locations within that	

Ī	Dogo 11 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Page 11 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	area
	survival techniques and human needs relating to survival
	situations
	• clothing requirements for sun or heat protection, rain, etc.
	 personal protective equipment (eye glass, appropriate footwear and clothing, glove, helmet, etc.)
	basic First Aid
	 bush craft including making a fire, cooking and wild food gathering
	water supplies, sources and generation methods
	emergency vehicle and mechanical equipment repair
	• the operation of communication equipment (e.g., field
	communications by two-way, satellite telephony and HF radio),
	and distress signalling including use of signalling mirrors
	weather and weather indicators
	• basic rope skills including useful knots (reef, clove hitch,
	truckie's hitch, bowline); simple lashings and tying down loads
Underpinning	Demonstrate skills of:
Skills	apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and
	procedures for operation in isolated and remote situations
	plan for operating in remote environments
	prepare for operating in remote environments
	prepare for emergency situations
	operate in remote environments
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a
Assessment	simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level II	
Unit Title	Conduct Field Work
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 03 0114
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers conducting field work in the exploration/mining industry. It includes carrying out survey and plot results; designing, plotting and laying out grids; reading and using maps; and locating tenement marks. Licensing, legislative, regulatory and certification requirements that apply to this unit can vary between states and industry sectors. Relevant information must be sourced prior to application of the unit

Elements	Performance Criteria
Carry out survey and plot	1.1. <i>Compliance documentation</i> relevant to the work activity is accessed, interpreted and applied.
results	1.2. Surveys are carried out using relevant <i>survey equipment</i> .
	1.3. <i>Reconnaissance</i> survey of the field is conducted.
	1.4. Reference pegs are located where available.
2. Design, plot	2.1. A <i>grid</i> is designed from <i>supplied information</i> .
and lay out a grid	2.2. Grid is plotted to scale.
	2.3. Baseline and grid datum are marked-up pegs mark with easting's and northings.
	2.4. Grid is laid out using <i>plotting</i> techniques.
3. Read and use	3.1. The sources of <i>maps</i> are identified.
maps	3.2. The types and features of maps used for mineral exploration fieldwork are identified.
	3.3. Map storage system is maintained.
	3.4. Scales and distances between points are calculated.
	3.5. Bearings relative to true, magnetic, grid and local north are calculated.
Locate mining tenement marks	4.1. State and federal agencies are referred for information relevant to mining tenements to determine the types of mining tenements and their purpose.
	4.2. Scale maps of mining tenement are drawn to statutory regulations.
	4.3. Forms required to obtain mining tenements are obtained and completed to statutory requirements for lodging, and lodge with relevant agencies/authorities.
	4.4. Mining tenement marks are marked out, or located and maintained to statutory requirements, using <i>Global</i> <i>Positioning System (GPS)</i> .

Page 13 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1	
rage 13 01 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014	

Variable	Range	
Relevant	May include but not limited to:	
compliance	• legislative, organisational and site requirements and procedures	
documentation	manufacturer's guidelines and specifications	
documentation	Industry standards	
	· ·	
	Employment and Workplace Relations legislation	
	Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination	
	legislation	
Surveying	May include but not limited to:	
equipment	• tape	
	• compass	
	• optical square	
	• staff and bubbles	
	Theodolite/Total Station	
	• GPS	
Reconnaissance	May include but not limited to:	
	checking access	
	collecting soil and rock samples	
	• grid-layout	
	• magnetic bearings	
	• geophysical surveys	
	Global Positioning System (GPS)	
	• travel times	
	• type of terrain	
Field information	vegetation types May include but not limited to:	
Field information	May include but not limited to:	
	• air photos	
	topographical maps	
—	• satellite imagery	
Field site grid	May include but not limited to:	
	• rock outcrops	
	• streams and rivers	
	• road cuttings	
	potential ore deposits	
Supplied	May include but not limited to:	
information	• strike of rocks	
	• line spacing	
	• sample spacing	
	• environmental issues	
	budget constraints	
Plotting	May include but not limited to:	
. roung	plotting to scale drawn to local grid North	
	calculating and drawing true North	
	calculating and drawing magnetic North calculating and drawing grid North	
	calculating and drawing grid North assigning and parthing	
Mana	assigning easting and northing May include but not limited to:	
Maps	May include but not limited to:	
	CopyrightMineral ExplorationVersion 1ry of EducationEthiopian Occupational StandardJanuary 2014	

	 topographical aerial photographs geological (geo-hazard, hydrogeology, etc) cadastral mining tenement geomagnetic maps mineral field and district boundary maps
Global Positioning System (GPS)	May include but not limited to: • 'a system which is able to show a person's exact position on Earth at anytime, anywhere, and in any weather. It is operated by GPS satellites orbiting the Earth; being monitored continuously at ground stations located around the world. The satellites transmit signals that can be detected by anyone with a GPS receiver'

Evidence Guide	
Critical aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
Competence	 knowledge of the requirements, procedures and instructions for the conduct of field work
	 implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for the safe, effective and efficient completion of the conduct of field work
	working with others to undertake and complete the conduct of field work that meets all of the required outcomes
	consistent timely completion of the conduct of field work that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the required outcomes
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and	field surveying methods
Attitudes	types and features of maps
	• use and reading of maps
	• calculation of scales, distances and bearings
	laying out of grids
	plotting techniques
	mining tenement legislation and requirements
	marking out of mining tenements
	Global Positioning Systems (GPS)
	• types of GPS and DGPS/operation of GPS and functions
	• satellite coverage
	waypoint generation
	datum conversion
	UTM and latitude/longitude
	track logging
Underpinning	Demonstrate skills of:
Skills	 apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures
	draft and sketch/use surveying instruments
	• solve problems
	• use PC software for data collection and analysis
	Denoviels Mineral Evaluation Version 4

Page 15 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	 use field testing and measurement instruments/equipment 		
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,		
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to		
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.		
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:		
Assessment	Interview / Written Test		
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning		
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a		
Assessment	simulated work place setting.		

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level II			
Unit Title	Conduct Local Risk Control		
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 04 0114		
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers conducting local risk control in exploration/mining industries. It includes identifying hazards; assessing risk and identifying unacceptable risk; identifying, assessing and implementing risk treatments; and completing records and reports.		

El	ements	Performance Criteria
1.	Identify hazards	1.1. <i>Compliance documentation</i> relevant to conducting local <i>risk</i> control is accessed, interpreted and applied.
		1.2. Work area conditions are inspected to identify potential <i>hazards</i> in the workplace.
		1.3. Existing procedures are applied to deal with recognized hazards.
		1.4. The type and scope of unresolved hazards and their likely impact are recognized.
2.	Assess risk and identify	2.1. <i>Consequence</i> is assessed and determined if the event should occur.
	unacceptabl e risk	2.2. <i>Likelihood</i> of the event is considered and determined.
		2.3. Criteria are identified for the acceptability/unacceptability of the risk or source from the appropriate party.
		2.4. Risk is assessed against criteria to identify if it warrants 'unacceptable risk' status and either action or referred to the appropriate party.
3.	3. Identify, assess and implement risk treatments	3.1. All possible <i>risk treatment options</i> are identified and considered.
		3.2. Options are identified by preliminary analysis and consideration of possible options.
		3.3. Options, including the identification of resource requirements are analyzed.
		3.4. Most appropriate action is selected for dealing with the situation.
		3.5. The course of action is planed and prepared in detail and required resources are acquired/obtained.
		3.6. The risk treatment is implemented.
		3.7. Risk management processes are reviewed.
4.	Complete records and	4.1. Information on the course of action and implementation is communicated.
	reports	4.2. Records and reports for hazards and actions from personal risk assessment are completed as specified by legislation and site requirements.

Page 17 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Variable	Range
Relevant	May include but not limited to:
compliance	• legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures
documentation	Industry standards
	• code of practice
	Employment and Workplace Relations legislation
	Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination
	legislation
Risk	May include but not limited to:
	• The chance of something happening that will have an impact upon
	objectives. It is measured in terms of consequences and likelihood
Risk treatment	May include but not limited to:
	 selection and implementation of appropriate options for dealing with risk
Hazard	May include but not limited to:
	• equipment
	• stored energy
	• methods
	• plans
	• people
	• the work environment
Consequence	May include but not limited to:
	• the outcome of an event or situation expressed qualitatively or
	quantitatively, being a loss, injury, disadvantage or gain
Likelihood	May include but not limited to:
	a qualitative description of probability and frequency
Criteria for the	May include but not limited to:
acceptability/	• the organization's internal policy, goals and/ or objectives in
unacceptability	reference to relevant legislation
of the risk	
Risk treatment	May include but not limited to:
options	eliminating the hazard
	• substitution
	engineering controls
	administrative controls (procedures, etc)
D	personal protective equipment
Records and	hazard reporting forms
reports	supervisor/deputy/OCE reports
	• incident reports
	• near miss reports
	• shift reports
	• JSAs
	• Take 5S
_	Step Back
Frequency	May include but not limited to:
	a measure of likelihood expressed as the number of occurrences of
	an event in a given time Convight Minoral Eveloration Version 1

Page 18 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Probability	May include but not limited to:	1
	• the measure of the chance of occurrence expressed as a number	
	between 0 and 1	

Evidence Guide	
Critical aspects	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
of Competence	• the requirements, procedures and instructions to conduct local risk control
	• implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for the safe, effective and efficient conduct of local risk control
	working with others to undertake and conduct of local risk control that meets all of the required outcomes
	consistent timely completion of conducting local risk control that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the required outcomes
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	 risk management processes and methods, including: identifying hazards, assessing risks, determining acceptability of risks, identifying controls
	specific worksite risk management procedures
	specific worksite safety systems information
	 specific worksite communication, reporting and recording procedures
Underpinning	Demonstrate skills of:
Skills	 apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures
	 speak clearly and directly, listen carefully to instructions and information, respond to and clarify directions
	collect, analyse and organise information
	access, interpret and apply site information
	work with other team members
	apply teamwork to a range of situations
	apply problems solving skills
	apply decision making skills
	 show initiative in adapting to changing work conditions or contexts apply time management
	take responsibility for self organisation of work priorities
	 apply mathematical skills to perform a basic risk ranking of hazards interpret and apply Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information
[on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.

Page 19 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1	1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014	

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level II		
Unit Title	Collect Routine Site Samples	
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 05 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the collection of routine site samples in exploration/ mining industries. It includes the requirements for the preparation for sampling, conducting sample collection; preparing samples, dispatching samples and maintaining the sampling environment.	

Elements	Performance Criteria	
Prepare for sampling	1.1. Compliance documentation relevant to the collection of routine site samples is accessed, interpreted and applied.	
	 The purpose, priority and scope of the sample request or plan are confirmed. 	
	1.3. Liaise is done with relevant personnel to arrange site access and all necessary clearances/permits.	
	1.4. Site hazards are identified and enterprise safety procedures reviewed.	
	1.5. Procedures are used and documented to ensure <i>representative sampling</i> .	
	1.6. Quantity, location (including sampling depth), sample fraction, and time of sampling and types of samples to be collected are confirmed.	
	1.7. Required <i>sampling tools and equipment</i> are assembled.	
2. Conduct sample collection	2.1. Samples are collected as specified in sample request or plan	
Collection	2.2. Sample integrity is preserved throughout collection.	
	2.3. Samples are placed in suitable containers and labeled accurately.	
	2.4. Samples are stored and transported.	
	2.5. Characteristics of sampling environment, in particular any non-standard aspects are identified and recorded.	
	2.6. Sampling equipment is maintained in a clean and safe working condition.	
3. Prepare samples	3.1. Sample is verified, documentation and required equipment are checked for preparation.	
	3.2. Sample preparation is performed according to plan using recommended procedures.	
	3.3. Loss of material is contained and sample protected against contamination.	
	3.4. Samples are recovered and cleaned using techniques and equipment specified for the particular sample.	
Page 20 of 122 Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1 Ministry of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014		

		3.5. Residues and samples are stored or disposed of following OHS and environmental guidelines.
Sa	4. Prepare samples for	4.1. Samples are labeled, stored and transported to <i>maintain integrity of sample</i> .
di	lispatch	4.2. Appropriate reference materials, standards and controls are used.
		4.3. Loss of material is contained and sample protected against contamination.
		4.4. Any change to preparation methods is documented.
		4.5. Samples are forwarded for analysis to external laboratories.
		4.6. Samples are stored, tested and disposed of.
w	Maintain a safe vork environment	5.1. Established work practices and personal protective equipment are used to ensure personal safety and that of others.
		5.2. Environmental impacts of sampling and generation of waste are <i>minimized</i> .
		5.3. All wastes are disposed of in accordance with enterprise procedures.

Variable	Range
Compliance	May include but not limited to:
documentation	 legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures manufacturer's guidelines and specifications Industry standards
	• code of practice
	 Employment and workplace relations legislation Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination legislation
Samples	May include but not limited to:
	• soils
	• rocks
	• stream sediment
	• minerals
	• fossils
	• hydrocarbons
	• drill core
	• mine samples
	• gas or air samples
	 water, wastewater, storm water, sewage, sludge
	construction raw materials
	• solid wastes
	• final products
	 hazardous materials and/or dangerous goods atmospheric or airborne contaminants

Page 21 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Site hazards	May include but not limited to:
	solar radiation, dust and noise
	wildlife, such as snakes, spiders, domestic animals
	biohazards, such as micro-organisms and agents associated
	with soil, air, water
	chemicals, such as acids and hydrocarbons
	sharps, broken glassware
	manual/handling of heavy sample bags and containers
	 crushing, entanglement, cuts associated with moving machinery and hand tools
	• falling objects, uneven surfaces, heights, slopes, wet surfaces,
	trenches, confined spaces
	 vehicle handling in rough terrain, boat handling in rough or flowing water
Safety procedures	May include but not limited to:
	use of Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)
	• use of personal protective equipment, such as hard hats, heavy
	protection, gloves, safety glasses, goggles, faceguards,
	coveralls, gown, body suits, respirators, safety boots
	correct labelling of hazardous materials
	handling and storing hazardous material and equipment in
	accordance with labels, MSDS, manufacturer's instructions,
	enterprise procedures and regulations
	regular cleaning and/or decontamination of equipment
	machinery guards
	• signage, barriers, service isolation tags, traffic control, flashing lights
Representative	lockout and tag out procedures May include but not limited to:
•	May include but not limited to:
sampling	• quantity
	location (including sampling depth)
	• sample fraction
	• time of sampling
Types of samples	May include but not limited to:
	• soil
	• stream sediment
	• water
	• steam, gas/oil
	rock or mineral hand specimen
	• pit/trench samples
	drill core/drill chips/drill sludge
	oriented sample
	disturbed or undisturbed materials
	quality control samples, such as controls, background,
	duplicate, blanks
Sampling tools and	May include but not limited to:
equipment	hand tools
	carrying devices
	Paperight Minoral Evaluration Varsion 1

Page 22 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 22 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

-	,
	portable power tools
	• front-end loader, backhoe, excavator, drill rig
	shovels, augers, bucket
	• sampling frames, sampling tubes, dip tubes, spears, flexible
	bladders, syringes
	• sample thief
	weighted sample bottles, bottles, plastic/metal containers and
	disposable buckets
	• sterile containers, pipettes, inoculating loops, disposable
	spoons
	pumps, stainless steel bailers
	mechanical gravity separator
	high specific gravity liquids
	hand magnet
	isodynamic magnetic separator
	electrostatic separator
	• crusher
	ultrasonic cleaner
	panning and hand jigging
	hydraulic rock splitter
	diamond saw
	sledge hammer
	• crushers
Camanda muanawatian	• screens
Sample preparation	May include but not limited to:
	• marking up
	• splitting
	• sub-sampling
	• sealing
	• size reduction
	• cleaning
	specific gravity
	magnetic suspension
	,
	• core-cutting
	• crushing/grinding
	• sample drying
	• sieving
	• riffling
	• blending
	homogenisation
	• coning
	• quartering
	,
	preparing sub-sample including: stain/polish
	petro logical and electron microscope/electron microprobes
Maintenance of	May include but not limited to:
integrity of samples	• appropriate containers and lids (for example, glass, plastic,
	amber, opaque)

Page 23 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	• sealing of sample containers
	purging of sample lines and bores
	 decontamination of sampling tools between collection of consecutive samples
	 use of appropriate preservatives (for example, sodium azide, toluene or antibiotics)
	 wrapping container in foil, wet newspaper, wax, etc.
	 temperature control, which may involve prevention of direct contact between the sample and coolant
	• transfer of sterile sample into sterile container
	monitoring of storage conditions
	• enterprise/legal traceability through appropriate sample labeling and records
Minimising	May include to:
environmental	replacement of soils and vegetation
impacts	driving to minimise soil erosion and damage to fauna and vegetation
	disposal of surplus, spent or purged materials
	 recycling of non-hazardous wastes
	 appropriate disposal of hazardous waste
	 cleaning of vehicles to prevent transfer of pests and contaminants

Evidence Guide	
Critical aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
Competence	 knowledge of the requirements, procedures and instructions for the collection of routine site samples
	• implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for the safe, effective and efficient collection of routine site samples
	 working with others to undertake and complete the collection of routine site samples that meets all of the required outcomes
	 consistent timely completion of the collection of routine site samples that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the required outcomes
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and	 key terminology and concepts, such as:
Attitudes	sample, contamination, traceability, integrity, chain of custody
	purpose for which the samples have been collected
	the function of key sampling equipment/materials and principles of operation
	 hazards, risks and enterprise safety procedures associated with routine sampling is undertaken
	• enterprise procedures dealing with:
	> sampling
	waste management, clean up and spillage
	handling, transport and storage of dangerous goods
	• health, safety and environment requirements

Page 24 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills of:
	 apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures
	apply established work practices
	wear personal protective equipment
	 apply plan, report, map, specification interpretation skills
	apply record maintenance and operations monitoring
	procedures
	apply worksite communication procedures
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a
Assessment	simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level I		
Unit Title	Operate and Maintain a Four Wheel Drive Vehicle	
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 06 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the operation and maintenance of four-wheel drive vehicles in the exploration/mining industries. It includes identifying four-wheel drive specific terms, terminology and techniques, planning for minimal environmental impact, performing pre-departure checks, using the features of a four-wheel drive vehicle to drive in a variety of terrain types, and performing maintenance and minor repairs on four-wheel drive vehicles.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Identify four- wheel drive specific terms,	1.1. <i>Compliance documentation</i> relevant to the work activity is accessed, interpreted and applied.
terminology and techniques	1.2. The structural and handling differences between a conventional two wheel drive and a four-wheel drive vehicle are identified.
	The purpose and use of front wheel hubs are identified and demonstrated.
	1.4. Factors affecting tyre size, fitment, rating, and pressure are identified.
	Recovery hooks and mounting features are correctly identified.
	1.6. Hazards associated with incorrect use of vehicle features or equipment is identified.
Plan for minimal environmental	2.1. <i>Types of impact</i> are determined likely to occur during fourwheel driving and associated activities.
impact	2.2. Compliance with land management principles and policies is demonstrated when planning exploration activities.
	2.3. Policies and management plans relevant to the activity area are complied.
	2.4. Activities are planned and conducted in a manner which minimises environmental impact.
	2.5. Procedures are adopted and implemented to ensure minimisation of harm to the environment from four-wheel drive activities.
	2.6. Cooperation and consideration are demonstrated towards other land users.
Perform pre- departure checks	3.1. Routine pre-departure checks are performed under the bonnet, under the body, and on external and internal items and accessories.

Page 26 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 26 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	1
	3.2. Action is taken to correct any deficiency.
	3.3. Food and water requirements are determined for journey.
	3.4. Suitable navigation equipment is selected where necessary.
	3.5. Weather conditions are interpreted to determine suitability for driving.
	3.6. Safe vehicle loading practices are applied.
	3.7. Items are secured of personal luggage safely.
	3.8. Passengers are advised of any special safety precautions to be taken when traversing rough terrain.
4. Use the features of a four-wheel drive vehicle to	4.1. Four-wheel drive vehicles are operated correctly and safely both on and off road, in accordance with road rules, principles of four-wheel driving and OHS regulations.
drive in a variety of terrain types	4.2. Smooth accelerator control strategies are applied over a range of terrain types.
	4.3. Recommended braking techniques are demonstrated for hard top surfaces and off road conditions.
	4.4. Situations are correctly identified where the engagement of four-wheel drive is required.
	4.5. Front hubs or centre differential lock (constant four-wheel drive vehicles) are/is engaged correctly, where fitted.
	4.6. Track is surveyed to identify hazards, risk assessed and a best route selected.
	4.7. Routes are selected to minimise damage to the environment.
	4.8. Appropriate range, gear, speed, driving and braking technique are used to negotiate a <i>range of terrain types</i> and whilst maintaining control of vehicle at all times, being aware of <i>contextual issues</i> .
	4.9. A stop stall key start recovery procedure on a moderate incline is performed.
	4.10. Brakes and undercarriage are checked after negotiating varying terrain.
	4.11. Repairs are performed to damage tracks if necessary.
	4.12. Standardised operating procedures are used when travelling in company with other vehicles.
	4.13. Appropriate hand positioning on steering wheel is maintained.
5. Use a single snatch strap to	5.1. Risks associated with vehicle recovery are identified and strategies are developed and implemented to minimise risks.
recover a vehicle	5.2. Recovery hooks are identified.
	5.3. Use of recommended mounting strategy on the four-wheel
(Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1

Page 27 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 27 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	drive vehicle and use of rated recovery equipment are confirmed when practicable.
	5.4. Procedures are demonstrated for preparing vehicles for recovery.
	5.5. Techniques are demonstrated to minimise impact on the environment during vehicle recovery.
	5.6. Techniques are demonstrated for joining two snatch straps.
	5.7. Safe recovery of a four-wheel drive vehicle is coordinated using a single snatch strap.
	5.8. Post recovery checks and repairs are correctly performed.
6. Perform maintenance and minor repairs on four- wheel drive vehicles	6.1. Maintenance equipment is selected/accessed correctly, including spares and fluids, prior to departure after consideration of contextual issues.
	6.2. Vehicles are checked regularly prior to and during trip and correctly perform <i>routine maintenance</i> /repair tasks.
	6.3. Vehicle performance reports are made to the designated person.
	6.4. Safe use of a jack is demonstrated to support a four-wheel drive vehicle on uneven ground.

Variable	Range	
Compliance	May include but not limited to:	
documentation	legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures	
	 manufacturer's guidelines and specifications 	
	Ethiopian standards	
	Employment and workplace relations legislation	
	 Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination legislation 	
Types of impac	t May include but not limited to:	
	 pollution with foreign matter (human waste, rubbish, soap, detergent) 	
	 vegetation tramping and breakage 	
	 breakage and dislodgment of rock and other formations 	
	 compaction of soil and other deposits 	
	disturbance of fauna	
	 introduction of new flora and fauna 	
	 chemical alteration of environments 	
	crop land	
	 damage to, or inappropriate behaviour in, cultural sites 	
	graffiti	
	 reduction in decomposing timber 	
	campfire scars	
	• noise	
	 intrusion into private lives and culture 	
	 development of facilities and signs 	
Page 28 of 122	Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1	
	Ministry of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014	

Range of terrain	May include but not limited to:	
types	 moderate inclines (up and down) 	
	sloping terrain	
	very soft ground	
	rocky areas	
	• sand	
	axle deep water crossings	
	mud/black soil/snow/ice	
Contextual issues	May include but not limited to:	
	duration of trip	
	type of terrain to be covered	
	remoteness of area to be visited	
Routine	May include but not limited to:	
maintenance	changing wheels in uneven terrain	
	fluid top-up	

Evidence Guide	
Critical aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
Competence	 knowledge of the requirements, procedures and instructions for operating and maintenance of a four-wheel drive vehicle implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques
	for the safe, effective and efficient operation and maintenance of a four-wheel drive vehicle
	 working with others to undertake and complete the operating and maintenance of a four-wheel drive vehicle that meets all of the required outcomes
	 consistent timely maintenance and operation of a four-wheel drive vehicle that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the required outcomes
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	 features driving techniques and handling characteristics of four-wheel drives in different terrain
	 terms used to describe four-wheel drive capabilities including: approach departure angles
	ramp over angle
	ground clearance
	suspension travel
	 differences between optional four-wheel drive and constant four-wheel drive vehicles and their impacts on vehicle operation and capability
	tyre management principles
	 environmental impact of four-wheel driving
	OHS legislation relevant to the use of four-wheel drive vehicles
	 use of single snatch straps to recover vehicles and hazards associated with vehicle recovery
	techniques for travelling in convoy
	minimum impact codes
	legal and statutory requirements (of land management

Page 29 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 29 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Underpinning Skills	 agencies) specific problems of fragile environments or threatened species area restrictions natural processes and interrelationships occurring within natural environments and the manner in which interrelationships between natural processes can be affected cultural protocols for making contact and communicating with indigenous people and organisations practices which may be implemented to minimise impact (e.g. avoidance of sensitive areas, appropriate site and route selection, limited party size, keeping to marked tracks or routes, campfire management and rehabilitation) practices and procedures used by land management authorities to reduce impact including: restricting access/limiting group size seasonal restrictions use of permits enforcing code of ethics and conduct Demonstrate skills of: apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures for operating and maintaining a four-wheel drive vehicle apply four-wheel driving techniques in different terrain reduce environmental impact
	 research and evaluation of impact through observation and questioning solve problems and apply solution focused strategies apply communication and recording skills
	 perform basic manual and mechanical maintenance skills acquire required licences and permits apply diagnostic and troubleshooting procedures
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: • Interview / Written Test • Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Page 30 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level II		
Unit Title	Carryout Operational Maintenance	
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 07 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the carrying out of operational maintenance in exploration/mining industries. It includes planning and preparing for carrying out of operational maintenance; performing pre-start checks, maintenance and equipment checks; maintaining tools, components and consumables; carrying out hot work; and perform equipment maintenance and field repairs	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Plan and prepare for carrying out of carr	 1.1. Compliance documentation relevant to carrying out of operational maintenance is accessed, interpreted and applied.
operational maintenance	 Work instructions for the allocated task are obtained, confirmed and applied.
	1.3. All potential <i>hazards</i> are identified, managed and reported.
	1.4. <i>Coordination requirements</i> are resolved with others at the site prior to commencing and during work activities.
	1.5. Appropriate personal <i>protective equipment</i> is selected and worn.
2. Perform prestart checks and	2.1. Pre-start checks on <i>equipment</i> are inspected and carried out.
maintenance	2.2. Site and/or company checklist sheet is completed.
	2.3. All systems are lubricated according to requirements.
	2.4. Fluid levels and bleed are checked and top up where necessary.
	2.5. Filters are checked and cleaned or replaced if necessary.
	2.6. Security of all circulation systems is checked, as required.
	2.7. Safety appliances are fitted and checked in serviceable condition.
	2.8. Cabin, seat belts and windscreen clean and windscreen washer functioning is kept.
3. Perform equipment	3.1. Policies, procedures, safety rules and site specific instructions are observed.
checks	3.2. Timed and regular <i>equipment checks</i> , servicing and lubrication are carried out in accordance with procedures, and record details.
	3.3. <i>Faults or potential faults</i> are identified and reported immediately.

	Page 31 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
		Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	3.4. Isolation is observed, and <i>procedures</i> are tagged out and locked out.
	3.5. Requirement is identified, recorded and/or reported for repair or maintenance and critical time line for rectification.
	3.6. Effectiveness of maintenance performed is monitored.
4. Maintain tools, components an consumables	4.1. Procedures are followed for tool and component maintenance, and carried out safely according to instructions.
Consumables	4.2. Site procedures are followed for maintaining and storing tools and consumables in good condition.
5. Carry out hot	5.1. Area around the worksite of flammable material is cleared.
work	5.2. Fire extinguishers are positioned at company recommended locations.
	5.3. <i>Hot work</i> is undertaken in compliance with district fire controls.
	5.4. Liaise is done with <i>spotter</i> during hot work operations.
	5.5. The area is inspected prior to leaving to ensure that no potential exists for later combustion.
6. Perform equipment maintenance	6.1. Equipment breakdown is minimized by regular servicing and <i>maintenance</i> and performance of overhauls to specifications.
	6.2. Tag out and/or lock out is used when servicing.
	6.3. Minor servicing of equipment avoiding disruption to production is carried out.
	6.4. Routine inspection, servicing, lubrication and housekeeping tasks to requirements are carried out.
	6.5. Instructions on maintenance procedures, lubrication, filter change/service are read and followed accurately.
	6.6. Worn parts are identified and changed, and relative frequency of replacement is recorded.
	6.7. Operational faults are identified and hydraulic, pneumatic and drive systems maintained.
	6.8. Service and repair requirements are <i>reported</i> and action is taken according to procedures.
	6.9. <i>Diagnostic and troubleshooting procedures</i> and techniques are used and action is taken.
7. Perform field	7.1. Equipment faults are isolated and rectified.
repairs	7.2. Extent of repair needed is identified and spare parts are obtained.
	7.3. Tools required for maintenance and repairs are identified, selected and used correctly.

Page 32 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

7.4. Re-usable components or accessories are returned in accordance with requirements.
7.5. Equipment and re-set in response to variations in production needs are reviewed.
7.6. System faults are recognised and appropriate responses formulated within agreed time lines.
7.7. Records of action taken are maintained in accordance with site requirements.
7.8. A given component is dismantled, assessed, serviced, repaired, reassembled and tested in a safe manner.

Variable	Range
Relevant	May include but not limited to:
compliance	 legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures
documentation	 manufacturer's guidelines and specifications
	industry standards
	code of practice
	Employment and workplace relations legislation
	 Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination legislation
Work instructions	May include but not limited to:
	• briefings, handovers, plans and work orders and may be written or verbal, formal or informal and may include:
	nature and scope of tasks
	specifications
	quality of finished works
	> achievement targets
	> operational conditions
	obtaining of permits required
	> site layout
	out of bounds areasworksite inspection requirements
	lighting conditions
	 plant or equipment defects
	 hazards and potential hazards
	 coordination requirements or issues
	> contamination control requirements
	> environmental control requirements
	barricade and signage requirements
Hazards	May include but not limited to:
	• equipment
	• stored energy
	work methods
	• human error
	• the work environment
Coordination	May include but not limited to:
requirements	• other operators
	Convight Mineral Evaleration Version 1

Page 33 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 33 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	other maintenance personnel,
	· ·
	• supervisors
Developed protective	other worksite personnel May include but not limited to:
Personal protective	May include but not limited to:
equipment	steel-capped boots and hardhat
	• gloves
	• dust mask
	eye and hearing protection
	general protective and reflective clothing
Equipment	May include but not limited to:
	drilling equipment
	camping equipment
	geophysical equipment
	• water pump
	• generator
	navigational aids
	mobile laboratory
	emergency aids
	• First Aid pack
	• communications devices
	• surveying equipment
	sampling devices and storage
	• 4WD vehicles
	mobile computers and associated devices
Equipment checks	May include but not limited to:
Equipment checks	• regular visual inspection including pre-start neutral for all control
	levers
	check on correct operation
	observation of display instruments and gauges function
	observation of recording instruments and gauges
	hydraulic system (including filters, strainers, hose, hose fitting)
	and oils)
	• air systems and filters
	• vehicles (including wheels, tyres, clutch, brakes and fluid levels)
	• batteries
Symptoms of faults	May include but not limited to:
	indications on instruments or gauges
	• noises
	• vibrations
	• smells
	overheated hydraulic motors or lines
	visual indicators (e.g. smoke)
Procedures	May include but not limited to:
1. 1000000100	effective storage
	• use of desiccants
	 store chemicals (cement, bentonite, and so on) in safe dry conditions secure from livestock
	CONTRIBUTE SECURE HOLLI INVESTORY

Page 34 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Hot work	May include to :
	• welding
	• grinding
	• fuel transfer
Spotters	May include to :
	 ensure that no fires develop from slag or hot metal generated during hot work
Maintenance	May include to:
	operating checks
	• daily checks
	• programmed maintenance
	breakdown maintenance
	prescribed lubrication
Reporting	May include to:
	• tool records
	service and maintenance
	metres drilled
	operating hours since last service
Diagnostic and	May include to:
troubleshooting	diagnostics built into equipment
procedures	diagnostics applying externally
	troubleshooting procedures recommended by manufacturers
	 troubleshooting procedures developed by organisation
	 knowledge of sources of help for more complex problems

Evidence Guide				
Critical aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills of:			
Competence	 the requirements, procedures and instructions for carrying out of operational maintenance 			
	 implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for the safe, effective and efficient completion of operational maintenance 			
	 working with others to undertake and complete operational maintenance that meets all of the required outcomes 			
	• consistent timely completion of operational maintenance that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the required outcomes			
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:			
Knowledge and	 manufacturer's handbooks requirements and procedures 			
Attitudes	 characteristics, technical capabilities and limitations of equipment 			
	environmental requirements and procedures			
	 hot work procedures and techniques 			
	fire prevention and control techniques and equipment			
	mechanical/electrical/hydraulic systems and power tools			
	requirements and procedures			
	isolation and tag out procedures			
	lubricants and their uses			
purpose of equipment electric and hydraulic indicators and				
	Open wight Minaral Evaluation Various			

Page 35 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	gauges	
	 characteristics of transmission and drive systems 	
	 recording and reporting requirements and procedures 	
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills of:	
	 apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures for carrying out of operational maintenance apply in service functions and procedures 	
	 apply diagnostic and troubleshooting procedures 	
	interpret manufacturers' maintenance and operations manuals	
	use hand tools	
	solve problems	
	use PC software	
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to	
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a	
Assessment	simulated work place setting.	

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level II		
Unit Title	Participate in Environmentally Sustainable Work Practices	
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 08 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to effectively measure current resource use and to carry out improvements including reducing the negative environmental impact of work practices. This unit requires the ability to access industry information, and applicable legislative and Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) guidelines.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Identify current resource use	1.1. Workplace <i>environmental and resource efficiency issues</i> are identified.
	1.2. Resources used in own work role are identified.
	1.3. Current usage of resources is documented and measured using <i>appropriate techniques</i> .
	1.4. Documentation measuring current usage and using technology (such as software systems) is recorded and filed where applicable.
	1.5. Workplace environmental hazards are identified and reported to appropriate personnel.
2. Comply with	2.1. Workplace procedures are followed to ensure <i>compliance</i> .
environmental regulations	2.2. Breaches or potential breaches are reported to appropriate personnel.
3. Seek opportunities to	3.1. <i>Organizational plans</i> are followed to improve environmental practices and resource efficiency.
improve resource efficiency	3.2. Work is done as part of a team, where relevant, to identify possible areas for improvements to work practices in own work area.
	3.3. Suggestions are made for improvements to workplace practices in own work area.

Variable	Range
Environmental and resource efficiency issues	May include but not limited to: maximising opportunities to improve business environmental performance minimising environmental risks promoting more efficient production and consumption of natural resources, for example minimising waste by participating in or using a waste management system
	 using resources efficiently such as material usage, energy usage (seeking alternative sources of energy or energy conservation) or efficient water usage

Page 27 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 37 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

l = .= +!£!.= =.
dentifying
ot practice and onmental
of of
ım for
other

Evidence Gui	Evidence Guide			
Critical aspect	s of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:		
Competence accessing, interpreting and comen environment/sustainability legis requirements relevant to daily reaccurately following organisation and support an improved resoure porting as required developing and/or using tools successing, interpreting and comen and support in the company of the competition of the competit		g, interpreting and complying with a range ent/sustainability legislation and procedulents relevant to daily responsibilities by following organisational information to p ort an improved resource efficiency proce	ral participate in ess and checklists, to	
		identifying organisational improvements by applying efficient		
		resource use to daily activities		
		knowledge of environmental and resource hazards/risks.		
Underpinning		Demonstrate knowledge of:		
Knowledge and		environmental and resource hazards/risks		
Page 38 of 122		Copyright y of Education	Mineral Exploration Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 January 2014

Attitudes	 environmental or sustainability legislation, regulations and codes of practice applicable to own work role OHS issues and requirements organisational structure, and reporting channels and procedures relevant environmental and resource efficiency systems and procedures sustainability in the workplace terms and conditions of employment including policies and procedures, such as daily tasks, employee and employer rights, equal opportunity
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills of:
	 analytical skills to comply with all relevant legislation associated with job specifications and procedures
	 communication and problem-solving skills to question, seek clarification and make suggestions relating to work requirements and efficiency
	 communication and teamwork skills to recognise procedures; to follow instructions; to respond to change, such as current workplace environmental/sustainability frameworks; and to support team work and participation in a sustainable organisation
	 literacy, numeracy and technology skills to interpret workplace information in relation to work role, and to document and measure resource use
	 technology skills to select and use technology appropriate for a task
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
0	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a
Assessment	simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level II			
Unit Title	Provide Field Support Services		
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 09 0114		
Unit Descriptor	This unit of competency specifies the outcomes required to provide field support services. It requires the ability to work with others on site to perform key organisational requirements within a spatial information services framework, working from site plans/maps and specifications. Functions would be carried out under supervision, often in a team environment, and within organisational guidelines.		

Elements	Performance Criteria
Plan and prepare for	1.1 Requirements of the job are clarified with <i>relevant personnel</i> according to <i>organisational guidelines</i> .
support task.	1.2 Tools, equipment and supplies appropriate to the environment are selected and prepared according to specifications.
	1.3 Safety requirements for the protection of site personnel, the public and the environment are determined.
	1.4 Plans are examined to determine the location of services.
	1.5 Personal protective equipment is used according to OHS guidelines.
	1.6 Skills and knowledge are updated to accommodate
Execute support tasks.	2.1 Barricades, protective works and signs are erected, when required according to organisational guidelines.
	2.2 Surface positions are determined and marked according to accepted standards using information available from site drawings and references, and relevant personnel.
	2.3 Support tasks are carried out under direction and according to specifications.
	Skills and knowledge are updated to accommodate changes in equipment and operating procedures
3. Finalise the task.	3.1 Site is restored as near as practicable to original condition.
	3.2 Tools and equipment are cleaned and stored in a secure location.
	3.3 Repair work is organised for unsafe or faulty tools and equipment.
	3.4 All required spatial business documentations are completed accurately and promptly according to organisational guidelines.

Variable	Range		
Page 40 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 40 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	A	
Relevant personnel	May include but not limited to:	
	• colleagues	
	staff or employee representatives	
	supervisors or line managers	
	• suppliers	
	• users	
Organisational	May include but not limited to:	
guidelines	code of ethics	
	company guidelines	
	legislation relevant to the work or service function, including	
	Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO)	
	manuals	
	OHS policies and procedures	
	 personnel practices and guidelines outlining work roles and 	
	responsibilities	
Equipment and	May include but not limited to:	
supplies	data recording equipment	
• •	measuring instruments	
	• scanner, printer, plotter	
	personal computer	
	• tools	
	• vehicles	
Specifications	May include but not limited to:	
opeooao	• budget	
	data capture methods	
	personnel required	
	project deliverables	
	• resources needed	
	• timelines	
Personal protective	May include but not limited to:	
equipment	 breathing apparatus 	
oquipinon:	• gloves	
	• helmets	
	• overalls	
	masks and respirators	
	• safety boots	
	• safety glasses	
	• safety yeasses • safety vests	
	sun protection equipment	
OHS	May include but not limited to:	
OHS	Ethiopian standards	
	development of site safety plan	
	 identification of potential hazards 	
	•	
	• inspection of work sites	
	training staff in OHS requirements use of equipment and signage.	
Accepted standards	use of equipment and signage. May include but not limited to:	
Accepted standards	May include but not limited to:	
	Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1	
	y of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014	

Support tasks	 Environment Protection Authority (EPA) recommendations state and federal legislative requirements manufacturer instructions and specifications OHS standards organisational guidelines relevant industry codes of practice May include but not limited to: equipment maintenance identifying, determining and marking positions obtaining supplies recording data driving
Spatial business documentation	May include but not limited to: • detailed technical description of the spatial data and its qualifiers • e-mails and faxes • quotations and estimates • standard letters • tax invoices • statements

Evidence Guide	
Critical aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills of:
Competence	carrying out task instructions
	demonstrating critical aspects of working safely
	managing basic risk
	 providing support in determining and marking positions
	 understanding the nature of spatial projects
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and	industry ethics and practices
Attitudes	 legislation as it applies to the spatial information services
	industry sector (basic)
	OHS requirements
	safe work practices
	spatial data measuring and recording
	work allocation procedures
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills of:
	ability to relate to people from a range of social, cultural and
	ethnic backgrounds and with a range of physical and mental abilities
	 ability to select and use tools appropriately
	• communication skills to:
	discuss vocational issues effectively with colleagues
	impart knowledge and ideas through oral, written and visual
	means
	• computer skills
	• first aid (basic)
	• interpersonal skills e.g. cooperation and flexibility
	Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1 rry of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014

	 literacy skills to: assess and use workplace information interpret and understand legal, financial and procedural requirements process workplace documentation read and record data numeracy skills to: accurately record and collate undertake basic computations organisational skills to prioritise daily activities spatial skills to apply understanding of height, depth, breadth, dimension and position to actual operational activity and virtual representation technological skills (basic)
	• time management skills
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a
Assessment	simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level II		
Unit Title	Participate in Workplace Communication	
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 10 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, skills and attitudes required to gather, interpret and convey information in response to workplace requirements.	

Ele	ements	Performance Criteria
1.	Obtain and convey	1.1 Specific and relevant information is accessed from <i>appropriate sources</i> .
	workplace information	1.2 Effective questioning, active listening and speaking skills are used to gather and convey information.
		1.3 Appropriate <i>medium</i> is used to transfer information and ideas.
		1.4 Appropriate non- verbal communication is used.
		Appropriate lines of communication with supervisors and colleagues are identified and followed.
		1.6 Defined workplace procedures for the location and storage of information are used.
		1.7 Personal interaction is carried out clearly and concisely.
2.	Participate in	2.1 Team meetings are attended on time.
	workplace meetings and discussions	2.2 Own opinions are clearly expressed and those of others are listened to without interruption.
		2.3 Meeting inputs are consistent with the meeting purpose and established <i>protocols</i> .
		2.4 Workplace interactions are conducted in a courteous manner.
		2.5 Questions about simple routine workplace procedures and matters concerning working conditions of employment are asked and responded to
		2.6 Meetings outcomes are interpreted and implemented.
3.	Complete relevant work	3.1 Range of <i>forms</i> relating to conditions of employment is completed accurately and legibly.
	related documents	3.2 Workplace data is recorded on standard workplace forms and documents.
		3.3 Basic mathematical processes are used for routine calculations.
		3.4 Errors in recording information on forms/ documents are identified and properly acted upon.
		3.5 Reporting requirements to supervisor are completed

Page 44 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 44 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

according to organizational guidelines.

Variable	Range
Appropriate	May include but not limited to:
sources	Team members
	Suppliers
	Trade personnel
	Local government
	Industry bodies
Medium	May include but not limited to:
	Memorandum
	Circular
	Notice
	Information discussion
	Follow-up or verbal instructions
	Face to face communication
Storage	May include but not limited to:
	Manual filing system
	Computer-based filing system
Protocols	May include but not limited to:
	Observing meeting
	Compliance with meeting decisions
	Obeying meeting instructions
Workplace	May include but not limited to:
interactions	Face to face
	Telephone
	Electronic and two way radio
	 Written including electronic, memos, instruction and forms,
	non-verbal including gestures, signals, signs and diagrams
Forms	May include but not limited to:
	 Personnel forms, telephone message forms, safety reports

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrates skills and knowledge to:	
Competency	 Prepare written communication following standard the organization 	d format of
	 Access information using communication equipm 	ent
	 Make use of relevant terms as an aid to transfer i effectively 	nformation
	 Convey information effectively adopting the formation 	al or informal
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:	
Knowledge and	Effective communication	
Attitudes	 Different modes of communication 	
	Written communication	
	Organizational policies	
	 Communication procedures and systems 	
	Technology relevant to the enterprise and the ind	lividual's
	Converget Minoral Exploration	Vorcion 1

Page 45 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	work responsibilities	
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:	
	Follow simple spoken language	
	 Perform routine workplace duties following simple written notices 	
	 Participate in workplace meetings and discussions 	
	Complete work related documents	
	Estimate, calculate and record routine workplace measures	
	 Do basic mathematical processes of addition, subtraction, division and multiplication 	
	relate to people of social range in the workplace	
	Gather and provide information in response to workplace	
	Requirements	
Resource	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,	
Implications	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to	
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a	
Assessment	simulated work place setting.	

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level II		
Unit Title	Work in Team Environment	
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 11 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the skills, knowledge and attitudes to identify role and responsibility as a member of a team.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Describe team role and scope	1.1 The <i>role and objective of the team</i> are identified from available <i>sources of information</i> .
	1.2 Team parameters, reporting relationships and responsibilities are identified from team discussions and appropriate external sources.
Identify own role and	2.1 Individual role and responsibilities within the team environment are identified.
responsibility within team	2.2 Roles and responsibility of other team members are identified and recognized.
	2.3 Reporting relationships within team and external to team are identified.
3. Work as a team member	3.1 Effective and appropriate forms of communications used and interactions undertaken with team members who contribute to known team activities and objectives.
	3.2 Effective and appropriate contributions are made to complement team activities and objectives, based on individual skills and competencies and <i>workplace context</i> .
	3.3 Protocols are observed in reporting using standard operating procedures.
	3.4 Contribute to the development of team work plans based on an understanding of team's role and objectives and individual competencies of the members.

Variable	Range	
Role and objective	May include but not limited to:	
of team	 Work activities in a team environment with enterprise or specific sector 	
	Limited discretion, initiative and judgment maybe demonstrated	
	on the job, either individually or in a team environment	
Sources of	May include but not limited to:	
information	Standard operating and/or other workplace proceduresJob procedures	
	 Machine/equipment manufacturer's specifications and instructions 	
	Organizational or external personnel	
	Client/supplier instructions	

Page 47 of 199	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 47 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	Quality standardsOHS and environmental standards
Workplace context	May include but not limited to:
·	Work procedures and practices
	Conditions of work environments
	Legislation and industrial agreements
	 Standard work practice including the storage, safe handling
	and disposal of chemicals
	Safety, environmental, housekeeping and quality guidelines

Evidence Guide	
Critical aspects of	Demonstrates skills and knowledge to:
competence	Operate in a team to complete workplace activity
	Work effectively with others
	Convey information in written or oral form
	Select and use appropriate workplace language
	Follow designated work plan for the job
	Report outcomes
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and	Communication process
Attitude	Team structure
	Team roles
	Group planning and decision making
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to:
	 Communicate appropriately, consistent with the culture of the workplace
Resource	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implications	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a
Assessment	simulated work place setting.

Page 48 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 48 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level II		
Unit Title	Develop Business Practice	
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 12 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit specifies the outcomes required to establish a business operation from a planned concept. It includes researching the feasibility of establishing a business operation, planning the setting up of the business, implementing the plan and reviewing operations once commenced.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Identify business opportunity	1.1 Business opportunities are investigated and identified.
	1.2 Feasibility study is undertaken to determine likely business viability .
	1.3 Market research on product or service is undertaken.
	1.4 Assistance with feasibility study of specialist and relevant parties is sought as required.
	1.5 Impact of emerging or changing technology including e- commerce, on business operations is evaluated.
	1.6 Practicability of business opportunity is assessed in line with perceived risks, returns sought and resources available.
	1.7 Business plan is completed for operation.
2. Identify personal	2.1 Financial and business skills available are identified and taken into account when business opportunities are researched.
business skills	2.2 Personal skills/attributes are assessed and matched against those perceived as necessary for a particular business opportunity.
	2.3 Business risks are identified and assessed according to resources available and personal preferences.
3. Plan for establishment	3.1 Business structure and operations are determined and documented.
of business operation	3.2 Procedures are developed and documented to guide operations.
	3.3 Financial backing is secured for business operation.
	3.4 Business legal and regulatory requirements are identified and complied.
	3.5 <i>Human and physical resources</i> required to commence business operation are determined.
	3.6 Recruitment strategies are developed and implemented.
4. Implement	4.1 Marketing of business operation is undertaken.
establishment plan	4.2 Physical and human resources are obtained to implement
Page 49 of 122	Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1 try of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014

	business operation.
	4.3 <i>Operational unit</i> is established to support and coordinate business operation.
	4.4 Monitoring process is developed and implemented for managing operation.
	4.5 Legal documents are carefully maintained and relevant records are kept and updated to ensure validity and accessibility.
	4.6 Contractual procurement rights for goods and services including <i>contracts with relevant people</i> , negotiated and secured as required in accordance with the business plan.
	4.7 Options for leasing/ownership of business premises identified and contractual arrangements are completed in accordance with the business plan.
5. Review implementation process	5.1 Review process for implementation of business operation is developed and implemented.
	5.2 Improvements in business operation and associated management process are identified.
	5.3 Identified improvements are implemented and monitored for effectiveness.

Variable	Range	
Business	May include but not limited to:	
opportunities	expected financial viability	
	skills of operator	
	amount and types of finance available	
	returns expected or required by owners	
	likely return on investment	
	finance required	
	lifestyle issues	
Business viability	May include but not limited to:	
	opportunities available	
	market competition	
	timing/ cyclical considerations	
	skills available	
	resources available	
	location and/ or premises available	
	risk related to a particular business opportunity, especially	
	in regard to Occupational Health and Safety and	
	environmental considerations	
Specialist and	May include but not limited to:	
relevant parties	Chamber of commerce	
	Financial planners and financial institution representatives,	
	business planning specialists and marketing specialists	
	accountants	

Page 50 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 50 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	lawyers and providers of legal advice
	government agencies
	industry/trade associations
	online gateways
	business brokers/business consultants
Personal	May include but not limited to:
skills/attributes	technical and/ or specialist skills
	business knowledge and skills
	entrepreneurship
	willingness to take risks
Business risks	May include but not limited to:
	occupational health and safety and environmental
	considerations
	relevant legislative requirements
	security of investment
	market competition
	security of premises/ location
	supply and demand
	resources available
Human and	May include but not limited to:
physical resources	software and hardware
	office premises
	communications equipment
	specialist services through outsourcing, contracting and
	consultancy
	• staff
	vehicles
Operational unit	May include but not limited to:
	office location staffed with required personnel and equipped to
	service and support business
	home-based site or other location such as leased or owned
	property
Legal documents	May include but not limited to:
	partnership agreements, constitution documents, statutory
	books for companies (Register of Members, Register of
	Directors and Minute Books), Certificate of Incorporation,
	Franchise Agreements and financial documentation, appropriate
	software for financial records
	recordkeeping including personnel, financial, taxation, OHS and
Contro da!!	environmental May include but not limited to:
Contracts with	May include but not limited to:
relevant people	owners, suppliers, employees, landlords, agents, distributors, outtomore or any person with whom the business has or acake.
	customers or any person with whom the business has, or seeks
	to have, a performance-based relationship

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrates skills and knowledge in:	

Dogo E1 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 51 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

0	
Competence	 that a business operation has been planned and implemented from initial research into feasibility of the business and completion of the plan, through to implementing the plan and commencing operations
	the ability to evaluate the results of research and assess the likely viability and practicability of a business opportunity, taking into account the current business/market climate and resources available
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	 Federal and regional government legislative requirements affecting business operations, especially in regard to Occupational Health and Safety (OHS), Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO), industrial relations and anti-discrimination Technical or specialist skills relevant to the business operation Financing options Business systems and operations Relevant marketing, management, sales and financial
	concepts • Methods for researching business opportunities
	 Principles of risk management relevant to the business Methods of identifying relevant specialist services to complement the business
	Forms and administrative systems
	Services available and charges
	Planning and control systems (sales,
	Advertising and promotion, distribution and logistics
	Financial recording systems
	Legal rights and responsibilities
	Record keeping duties
	 Operational factors relating to the business (provision of professional services, products)
Underpinning	Demonstrate skills of:
Skills	 Literacy skills to interpret legal requirements, company policies and procedures and immediate, day-to-day demands Marketing skills
	Business planning skills
	Entrepreneurial skills
	Problem-solving skills
	OHS skills
	Time management skills
	Belief in services and products offered by the business
	 Communication skills including questioning, clarifying, reporting, and giving and receiving constructive feedback
	 Technical and analytical skills to interpret business documents, reports and financial statements and projections
	Ability to relate to people from a range of social, cultural and
	ethnic backgrounds and physical and mental abilities
	Problem solving skills to develop contingency plans

Page 52 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 52 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	 Using computers and software packages to record and manage data and to produce reports Literacy skills to enable interpretation of business information, numeracy skills for data analysis to aid research Research skills to identify a business opportunity and to conduct a feasibility study Analytical skills to assess personal attributes and to identify business risks Observation skills for identifying appropriate people, resources and to monitor work
Resource	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information
Implications	on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.

Occupational Standa	Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level II	
Unit Title	Standardize and Sustain 3S	
Unit Code	MIN MEO2 13 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit of competence covers the knowledge, skills and attitudes required by worker to standardize and sustain 3S to his/her workplace. It covers responsibility for the day- to-day operations of the workplace and ensuring that continuous improvements of Kaizen elements are initiated and institutionalized.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
1. Prepare for work.	1.1 Work instructions are used to determine job requirements, including method, material and equipment.
	 Job specifications are read and interpreted following working manual.
	1.3 OHS requirements, including dust and fume collection, breathing apparatus and eye and ear personal protection needs are observed throughout the work.
	1.4 Safety equipment and tools are identified and checked for safe and effective operation.
	1.5 Tools and equipment are prepared and used to implement 3S.
2. Standardize 3S.	2.1 Plan is prepared and used to standardize 3S activities.
	2.2 Tools and techniques to standardize 3S are prepared and implemented based on relevant procedures.
	2.3 Checklists are followed for standardize activities and reported to relevant personnel.
	2.4 The workplace is kept to the specified standard.
	2.5 Problems are avoided by standardizing activities.
3. Sustain 3S.	3.1 Plan is prepared and followed to standardize 3S activities.
	3.2 Tools and techniques to sustain 3S are discussed, prepared and implemented based on relevant procedures.
	3.3 Workplace is inspected regularly for compliance to specified standard and sustainability of 3S techniques.
	3.4 Workplace is cleaned up after completion of job and before commencing next job or end of shift.
	3.5 Situations are identified where compliance to standards is unlikely and actions specified in procedures are taken.
	3.6 Improvements are recommended to lift the level of compliance in the workplace.

Page 54 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 54 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

3.7	Checklists are followed to sustain activities and reported to relevant personnel.
3.8	Problems are avoided by sustaining activities.

Variable	Range
OHS requirements	May include but not limited to:
	 Are to be in accordance with legislation/ regulations/codes of practice and enterprise safety policies and procedures. This may include protective clothing and equipment, use of tooling and equipment, workplace environment and safety, handling of material, use of fire fighting equipment, enterprise first aid, hazard control and hazardous materials and substances. Personal protective equipment is to include that prescribed under legislation/regulations/codes of practice and workplace policies and practices. Safe operating procedures are to include, but are not limited to the conduct of operational risk assessment and treatments associated with workplace organization. Emergency procedures related to this unit are to include but may not be limited to emergency shutdown and stopping of equipment, extinguishing fires, enterprise first aid
Cofoty oguinment	requirements and site evacuation.
Safety equipment	May include but not limited to: • dust masks / goggles
a.ia (00i0	
	working cloth
	first aid
	safety shoes
Tools and equipment	May include but not limited to:
	•
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	•
	·
Tools and techniques	
ו יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	·
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	• 5S checklist
Tools and equipment Tools and techniques	 first aid safety shoes May include but not limited to: paint hook sticker signboard nails shelves chip wood sponge broom pencil shadow board/ tools board May include but not limited to: 5S Job Cycle Charts Visual 5S The Five Minute 5S Standardization level checklist

Page 55 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 55 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	The five Whys and one How approach(5W1H)
	Suspension
	Incorporation
	Use Elimination
Relevant procedures	May include but not limited to:
	Assign 3S responsibilities
	Integrate 3S duties into regular work duties
	Check on 3S maintenance level
	OHS measures such as signage, symbols / coding and
	labeling of workplace and equipment
	Creating conditions to sustain your plans
	Roles in implementation
Reporting	May include but not limited to:
	verbal responses
	data entry into enterprise database
	brief written reports using enterprise report formats
Relevant personnel	May include but not limited to:
	 supervisors, managers and quality managers
	administrative, laboratory and production personnel
	internal/external contractors, customers and suppliers
Tools and techniques	May include but not limited to:
	• 5S slogans
	• 5S posters
	5S photo exhibits and storyboards
	• 5S newsletter
	• 5S maps
	• 5S pocket manuals
	5S department/benchmarking tours
	• 5S months
	• 5S audit
	Awarding system
	Big cleaning day
	Patrolling system may include:
	> Top management Patrol
	> 5S Committee members and Promotion office Patrol
	 Mutual patrol Solf patrol
	Self-patrolChecklist patrol
	Camera patrol
L	γ Θαιτιστά ματιστ

Evidence Guide			
Critical Aspects of	Demonst	rates skills and knowledge to:	
Competence	• Discu	ss the relationship between Kaizen eler	ments.
		lardize and sustain 3S activities by appl	lying
	appro	priate tools and techniques.	
Underpinning	Demonst	rates knowledge of:	
Knowledge and	Eleme	ents of Kaizen	
Attitudes	des • Ways to improve Kaizen elements		
		Minaral Evaluation	Version 1

Dogo EG of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 56 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	 Benefits of improving kaizen elements Relationship between Kaizen elements The fourth pillar of 5S Benefits of standardizing and sustaining 3S Procedures for standardizing and sustaining 3S activities Tools and techniques to sustain 3S Relevant Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) and environment requirements Plan and report Method of communication
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrates skills of: improving Kaizen elements by applying 5S standardizing and sustaining procedures and techniques to avoid problems technical drawing procedures to standardizing 3S activities analyzing and preparing shop layout of the workplace standardizing and sustaining checklists preparing and implementing tools and techniques to sustain 3S working with others reading and interpreting documents observing situations solving problems by applying 5S communication skills
	 preparing labels, slogans, etc. gathering evidence by using different means using Kaizen board properly in accordance the procedure reporting activities and results using report formats
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: • Interview / Written Test • Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

NTQF Level III

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III		
Unit Title	Identify and Assess Environmental and Heritage Concerns	
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 01 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers identifying and assessing environmental and heritage concerns in exploration/mining industries. It includes identifying site specific environmental and heritage concerns; assessing and responding to environmental and heritage concerns; working within environmental and heritage guidelines.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Identify site specific environmental	1.1. Compliance documentation relevant to environmental and heritage issues is accessed, interpreted and applied.
and heritage concerns	 Environmental and heritage issues are identified and reported to <i>relevant authority</i> according to site procedures, regulations and other compliance requirements.
	1.3. The nature of environment and/or heritage concerns is accurately identified from site information.
	1.4. Emergency plan is enacted.
	Relevant isolation procedures are enacted according to relevant requirements.
	Contaminants upon identification are removed and/or contained.
Assess and respond to environmental	2.1. Site on receipt of relevant clearances is inspected to confirm environment and/or heritage issues.
and heritage concerns	2.2. All required records and documentation are completed accurately and promptly.
Work within environmental	3.1. Environment and heritage issues are adhered.
and heritage guidelines	3.2. Environmental and heritage guidelines are conformed in the organization of work activities.
	3.3. Appropriate authorities of environmental and/or heritage issues are contacted and informed.

Variable	Range
Relevant	May include but not limited to:
Compliance	industry standards
documentation	environmental agencies regulations
	Environmental Protection Act
	• isolation procedures
	 manufacturer's specifications and recommendations
	mine safety and health legislation and regulations
	OHS legislation
	site regulations, requirements and procedures

Page 50 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 59 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Environmental and	May include but not limited to:	
heritage issues	• ancient fossils	
	culturally-sensitive sites and artefacts	
	• drainage	
	• dust	
	• emissions	
	flora and fauna	
	hazardous chemicals	
	heritage legislation	
	• historical site (homestead)	
	• noise	
	possible Indigenous site	
	• runoff	
	• spills	
	water quality	
Relevant authorities	May include but not limited to:	
	environmental authorities	
	• experts (scientific, historic, biological)	
	• local leaders	
Contaminants	May include but not limited to:	
	diseased vegetation	
	leakage into ground water	
	• oil spill	
	• saline water	

Evidence Guide		
Critical aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:	
Competence	 the requirements, procedures and instructions for identifying and assessing environmental and heritage concerns implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for the safe, effective and efficient identification and assessment of environmental and heritage concerns working with others to undertake and complete the identification and assessment of environmental and heritage concerns that meet all of the required outcomes consistent timely completion of the identification and assessment of environmental and heritage concerns that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the required outcomes 	
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes • contamination principles • emergency procedures • environmental and heritage procedures • equipment safety requirements • fire management strategies • future land use principles • hazardous goods procedures and consequences of spills • isolation procedures • mine operational system		
	Nine and Conference	

Page 60 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
rage 60 01 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

night and day working procedures
OHS procedures
open cut procedures
operational procedures and checks
• site procedures
• site safety requirements
Demonstrate skills of:
 apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures for identifying and assessing environmental and heritage concerns
apply diagnostic techniques
make decisions
 apply procedures for operating, maintaining and cleaning equipment
• identify hazards
apply hazardous goods handling techniques
 interpret plans, reports, maps, specifications
 apply records maintenances requirements and procedures organise work tasks
apply safe work practices
• work in a team
use communications equipment
Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Competence may be assessed through:
Interview / Written Test
Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a
simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III		
Unit Title	Apply First Aid	
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 02 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit of competency describes the skills and knowledge required to provide first aid response, life support, management of casualty(s), the incident and other first aiders, until the arrival of medical or other assistance.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Assess the situation	1.1 <i>Hazards</i> in the situation that may pose a risk of injury or illness to self and others are identified, assessed and minimised.
	1.2 Immediate <i>risk</i> to self and casualty's health and safety minimised by controlling any hazard in accordance with work health and safety requirements.
	Casualty is assessed and injuries, illnesses and conditions are identified.
2. Apply first aid	2.1 A communication style is adopted to match the casualty's level of consciousness.
procedures	2.2 Available <i>resources and equipment</i> are used to make the casualty as comfortable as possible.
	2.3 The casualty is responded in a culturally aware, sensitive and respectful manner.
	2.4 Relevant first aid procedures are determined and explained to provide comfort.
	2.5 Consent is sought from casualty prior to applying first aid management.
	2.6 First aid management is provided in accordance with established first aid principles and procedures.
	2.7 First aid assistance is sought from others in a timely manner and as appropriate.
	2.8 First aid equipment is correctly operated for first aid management according to manufacturer/supplier's instructions and procedures.
	2.9 Safe manual handling techniques are used.
	2.10 <i>Casualty's condition</i> is monitored and responded in accordance with established first aid principles and procedures.
	2.11 Casualty management is finalised according to casualty's needs and first aid principles.
3. Communi	3.1 Ambulance support and/or appropriate medical assistance are/is requested according to relevant circumstance.
cate details of the	3.2 Observation of casualty's condition and management activities
Daga C0 of 100	Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1 inistry of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014

in	cident	is accurately conveyed to ambulance services / relieving personnel.
		3.3 Details of casualty's physical condition, changes in conditions, management and response to management are accurately assessed and reported in line with established procedures.
		3.4 Confidentiality of records and information is maintained in line with privacy principles and statutory and/or organisation policies.
	valuate	4.1 Feedback is sought from appropriate clinical expert.
_	wn erformance	4.2 The possible psychological impacts on rescuers involved in critical incidents are recognised.
		4.3 Debriefing/evaluation is made participatory in to improve future response and individual needs are addressed.

Variable	Range		
Contextualisati		It not limited to:	
n to address		sion under specific constraints or circum	stances (e.a.
specific		paces, in work environment involving ide	
requirements	risks/hazards		
	• Focus on first	aid management of specific types of inju	ury
Established firs			•
aid principles	 Guidelines of 	Ethiopian Ministry of Health	
and procedures	Primary First	Aid Principles to:	
	Preserve I	ife .	
	Prevent ill	ness, injury and condition(s) becoming w	vorse
	Promote r		
		e unconscious casualty	
		on and regulations	
Hazards	May include bu		
		situation with the potential for harm in ter	
		ealth, damage to property, the environme	ent, or a
	combination		
		zards may be classified under the headir	ngs:
	➤ Biological		
	➤ Chemical		
Risks		ociated with manual handling Physical h	azaros
NISKS	May include bu • Environment		
		blood and other body substances	and
	bystanders	ated with the proximity of other workers	anu
	• Risks from bo	ndy position	
		quipment, machinery and substances	
	• Risks from ve		
		st aid equipment	
		r injury to the casualty	
Casualty's	May include bu		
condition is	Abdominal ini		
	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 63 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

managed	Airway obstruction
	Allergic reactions
	Altered and loss of consciousness
	Bleeding
	Body position
	Burns – thermal, chemical, friction, electrical
	• Cardiac arrest
	• Chest pain
	Choking/airway obstruction
	Drowning
	• Envenomation – snake, spider, insect and marine bites and stings
	-
	 Environmental impact such as hypothermia, hyperthermia, dehydration, heat stroke
	Injuries: cold and crush injuries; eye and ear injuries; head, neck and ening injuries; miner akin injuries; needle stick injuries; sett
	and spinal injuries; minor skin injuries; needle stick injuries; soft
	tissue injuries including sprains, strains, dislocations, fractures
	Medical conditions, including cardiac conditions, epilepsy, diabetes, and other requiretery conditions.
	asthma and other respiratory conditions
	Poisoning and toxic substances (including chemical contamination)
	Respiratory distress
	• Seizures
	• Shock
	• Stroke
	Substance misuse – common drugs and alcohol, including illicit
	drugs
	Unconsciousness, not breathing or not breathing normally
First aid	May include but not limited to:
management	Infection control
must take	Legal and social responsibilities of first aider
	The setting in which first aid is provided, including:
	industry/ site specific regulations, codes etc.
	location and nature of the incident
	location of emergency services personnel situational risks
	associated with, for example, electrical and biological
	hazards, weather, motor vehicle accidents
	State work health and safety legislative requirements
	workplace policies and procedures
	> WHO requirements
D	The use and availability of first aid equipment and resources
Resources and	May include but not limited to:
equipment	• AED
	Auto-injector
	Bronchodilator and spacer device
	• First aid kit
	Puffer/inhaler
	Resuscitation mask or barrier
Appropriate	May include but not limited to:
clinical expert	Ambulance officer/paramedic
	Convight Minoral Evaluration Varion 1

Dogo 64 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1	1
Page 64 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014	

	Appropriately qualified health care professional	
Report details	May include but not limited to:	
should	• Time	
	Description of injury/illness	
	First aid management	
	Incident details	
	Location	
	Vital signs	
Report details	May include to:	
	Administration of medication including:	
	date	
	➤ dose	
	person administering	
	> time	
	Fluid intake/output, including fluid loss via:	
	➢ blood	
	> faeces	
	➤ urine	
	> vomit	
	Injury report forms	
	Workplace documents as per organization requirements	

Evidence Guide		
Critical aspects	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:	
of Competence	 The individual being assessed must provide evidence knowledge and essential skills 	of essential
	 Competence should be demonstrated working individu part of a first aid team 	ually and as
	 Consistency of performance should be demonstrated required range of situations relevant to the workplace setting 	
	 Currency of first aid knowledge and skills is to be dem line with Ethiopian Ministry of Health and State legisla regulations 	
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:	
Knowledge and Attitudes	 Awareness of stress management techniques and avasupport 	ailable
	 First aid management, based on a risk assessment re workplace or community setting of: 	levant to the
	abdominal injuries	
	allergic reactions	
	altered and loss of consciousness	
	> asthma	
	> anaphylaxis	
	> bleeding	
	burns – thermal, chemical, friction, electrical	
	> cardiac arrest	
	chest painchoking/airway obstruction	
	Copyright Mineral Exploration	Version 1

Page 65 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 65 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

- drowningenvenoma
- envenomation snake, spider, insect and marine bites and stings
- environmental impact such as hypothermia, hyperthermia, dehydration, heat stroke
- injuries- cold and crush injuries; eye and ear injuries; head, neck and spinal injuries; minor skin injuries; needle stick injuries; soft tissue injuries including sprains, strains, dislocations, fractures
- medical conditions, including cardiac conditions, epilepsy, diabetes, asthma and other respiratory conditions
- poisoning and toxic substances (including chemical contamination)
- respiratory distress
- > seizures
- > shock
- stroke
- substance misuse common drugs and alcohol, including illicit drugs
- unconsciousness, not breathing or not breathing normally
- Guidelines for provision of first aid as outlined in Ethiopian Ministry of Health and State legislation and regulations
- Social / legal issues including:
 - duty of care
 - confidentiality
 - > importance of debriefing
 - > need to be culturally aware, sensitive and respectful
 - > own skills and limitations
- Understanding of:
 - basic work health and safety requirements in the provision of first aid
- > basic principles and concepts underlying the practice of first aid
- > chain of survival
- infection control principles and procedures, including use of standard precautions
- priorities of management in first aid when dealing with life threatening conditions
- > procedures for dealing with major and minor injury and illness
- Understanding of the use of an Automated External Defibrillator (AED), including when to use and when not to
- Understanding the causes of asphyxia due to body position

Underpinning Skills

Demonstrate skills of:

- Apply first aid principles
- Call an ambulance and/or medical assistance according to relevant circumstances and report casualty(s) condition
- Communicate effectively and assertively in an incident
- Conduct an initial casualty assessment
- Management of:
 - Anaphylaxis using adrenalin auto-injector

١	Page 66 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
ı		Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	 Avoiding asphyxia due to body position Bronchospasm using bronchodilator and spacer device Cardiac arrest using single rescuer procedure, including the demonstration of a seamless changeover between operators External hemorrhage Fractures, sprains and strains using arm slings, roller bandages and other appropriate immobilisation techniques Unconscious casualty including using a recovery position Demonstrate: ability to call an ambulance consideration of the welfare of the casualty safe manual handling site management to prevent further injury understanding of causes contributing to asphyxia due to body position Demonstrate correct procedures for performing CPR using a manikin, including standard precautions (i.e. as per unit HLTCPR211A Perform CPR) Demonstrate infection control, including use of standard precautions Evaluate own response and identify appropriate improvements where required Follow State and Territory work health and safety legislative requirements Make prompt and appropriate decisions relating to managing an incident in the workplace Plan an appropriate first aid response in line with established first aid principles, Ethiopian Ministry of Health, industry standards and State legislation and regulations and respond to contingencies in line with own skills Prepare a written incident report or provide information to enable preparation of an incident report Provide assistance with self-medication as per subject's own medication regime and/or administer medication in line with State legislation and regulations, organisation policies and any available medical/pharmaceutical instructions Unpack, activate and follow prompts of an AED
Dogguroos	
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.
	ı y

Dogo 67 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 67 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III	
Unit Title	Plan and Undertake Field Trip
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 03 011
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the planning and undertaking of field trips in the exploration/mining industry. It includes organising field trips, establishing and maintaining field camps, working as part of a team in remote locations, and applying remote safety and survival skills.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Organise field trips	1.1. Compliance documentation relevant to the work activity is accessed, interpreted and applied.
	1.2. Access to field site is arranged with relevant stakeholders.
	1.3. Restrictions, agreements and customs are adhered to when accessing field site.
	1.4. Available and efficient <i>communication systems</i> are identified.
	1.5. Maps, photos, satellite images and existing exploration data are used to plan <i>access</i> , traverses and camp site(s).
	1.6. Supplies are planned to support the location, duration and size of the field trip.
	1.7. Supplies are obtained according to inventory and securely stow for field trip.
	1.8. Duty rosters are established for field trip activities in consultation with other team members.
Establish and maintain field camp	2.1. Appropriate size field camp is set up for number of team members in accordance with safety and environmental procedures.
	2.2. Catering, hygiene and security activities are monitored and made participatory in as allocated.
	2.3. Use of supplies is obtained and monitored as necessary to maintain health and safety.
	2.4. Gas and electrical appliances and generators are set up and operated safely.
3. Work as part of a team in	3.1. Contribute effectively to the achievement of shared goals and objectives.
remote locations	3.2. Cooperate with co-workers in a manner that promotes a safe working environment and creates good working relationships.
	3.3. Co-workers and supervisors are communicated clearly.
	3.4. Work effectively and harmoniously with other team members to achieve team objectives.

Page 68 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 68 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	3.5. Acceptable level of personal hygiene is maintained.
4. Apply remote safety and	4.1. Safety procedures are followed whenever helicopters are in the vicinity.
survival skills	4.2. Communication is done effectively using standard protocols.
	4.3. Conventional signalling codes and symbols are adopted in emergency situations.
	4.4. The priorities are recognised and managed for survival.

Variable	Range	
Relevant	May include but not limited to:	
compliance	• legislative, organisational and site requirements and procedures	
documentation	manufacturer's guidelines and specifications	
	• industry standards	
	Employment and workplace relations legislation	
	 Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination 	
	legislation	
Communications	May include but not limited to:	
systems	• satellite phone	
	mobile network phone	
	• 2-way radio	
	• land line	
Access	May include but not limited to:	
	privately owned land	
	defined heritage areas	
	inhospitable terrain and climate	
Field trip supplies	May include but not limited to:	
	• food	
	• water	
	• shelter	
	camping equipment and utensils	
	hygiene facilities	
	• fuel	
	• transport	
	• communications	
	vehicle and equipment spares	
	First Aid and health	
Regulations	May include but not limited to:	
	• industry standards	
	environmental agencies regulations	
	Environmental Protection Act	
	• isolation procedures	
	manufacturer's specifications and recommendations	
	Mine Regulations Act (Duty of Care)	
	OHS Legislation	
	• site regulation and procedures	

Ī	Page 69 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
		Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Evidence Guide				
Critical aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:			
Competence	• knowledge of the requirements, procedures and instructions for			
·	planning and undertaking field trips			
	• implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for			
	the safe, effective and efficient completion of field trip planning			
	and undertaking			
	• working with others to undertake and complete the planning and			
	undertaking field trips that meets all of the required outcomes			
	 consistent timely completion of field trip planning and 			
	undertaking that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the			
	required outcomes			
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:			
Knowledge and	• land-use permits			
Attitudes	relevant regulations, licences and permits			
	communications systems			
	historical mining data of field site			
	trip planning and logistics			
	• supply sources, costs and availability			
	 remote hazards, risks and survival techniques 			
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills of:			
	 apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and 			
	procedures for planning and undertaking field trips			
	• erect shelters			
	collect food and water			
	• light fires			
	navigate with maps and stars			
	• use vehicle for survival			
	plan and schedule			
	apply interpersonal communication skills			
	apply basic vehicle maintenance techniques			
	use portable gas and electricity equipment			
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,			
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to			
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.			
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:			
Assessment • Interview / Written Test				
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning			
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a			
Assessment	simulated work place setting.			

Page 70 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 70 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III			
Unit Title	Rehabilitate Exploration Site		
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 04 0114		
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the rehabilitation of an exploration sites in the exploration/mining industry. It includes: preparing for and rehabilitating exploration sites; capping drill holes; and rehabilitating access tracks.		

Elements	Performance Criteria
Prepare for site rehabilitation	1.1. <i>Compliance documentation</i> relevant to the rehabilitation of an exploration sites is accessed, interpreted and applied.
	1.2. The rehabilitation plan and Environmental Work Procedures (EWP) are accessed, interpreted and applied.
	1.3. Potential hazards and risks are identified, addressed and reported.
	1.4. Appropriate <i>personal protective equipment</i> is selected and worn.
	1.5. Map of area is obtained and location of sites to be rehabilitated identified.
	1.6. Communication system and protocols are established.
	1.7. Rehabilitation plant and equipment are carried out pre-start checks.
Rehabilitate exploration site	2.1. <i>Hydrocarbon</i> spills are assessed at drill site and dealt with according to legislation, environmental policies and procedures and company requirements.
	2.2. Saline or contaminated water sumps are ensured completely.
	2.3. Rehablitate exploration workings (pits, trenches, etc), push waste materials resulting from exploration operations into sumps, and back fill, compact and cover with topsoil.
	2.4. Plant and machinery , following EWPs, are operated to scarify all cleared areas.
	2.5. Cleared vegetation is retrieved and put back onto rehabilitated site.
	2.6. All rubbishes are removed and disposed.
	2.7. Area is <i>re-vegetated</i> if required under the rehabilitation plan.
	2.8. Rehabilitation details are recorded.
	2.9. Rehabilitated site is <i>inspected</i> for compliance with environmental and legislative requirements and safe entry.

Dogo 71 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 71 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

3. Cap drill holes	3.1. Hole collar is excavated to suitable depth.
	3.2. Excess drill chips are poured into drill hole.
	3.3. Appropriate hole plug is selected and inserted firmly into hole opening or collar, such that water ingress and future erosion is prevented.
	3.4. Backfill excavated soil onto plug and compact firmly ensuring that sufficient compacted soil is left on hole to allow for subsidence and encourage run off.
	3.5. Hole site is pegged and marked with ID number.
4. Rehabilitate	4.1. All windrows are removed.
access tracks	4.2. Tracks are scarified.
	4.3. Possible cleared vegetation is retrieved and restored to access track.
	4.4. The entrance to the track is blocked or disguised with any available <i>materials</i> .

Variable	Range		
Relevant compliance documentation	 May include but not limited to: legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures manufacturer's guidelines and specifications industry standards code of practice Employment and workplace relations legislation Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination legislation 		
Potential hazards	May include but not limited to: • disturbance or interruption of services • solar radiation • dust • noise • air- and soil-borne micro-organisms • chemicals and hazardous substances • sharp hand tools and equipment • manual handling • moving machinery and machinery parts • slippery and uneven surfaces • dehydration • stings		
Personal protective equipment			
Page 72 of 122 Minis	CopyrightMineral ExplorationVersion 1stry of EducationEthiopian Occupational StandardJanuary 2014		

	face guard
	hearing protection
	drinking water
	sunscreen lotion
	hard hat
Hydrocarbons	May include but not limited to:
Пушосагоопъ	diesel/petrol
	hydraulic fluid
Plant and	May include but not limited to:
machinery	
machinery	hydraulic excavators wheel loaders
	• crawler dozers
	• crawler loaders
	motor graders and scrapers
	• dump trucks
	• backhoes
	• log skidders
Re-vegetation	May include but not limited to:
	• hand sowing
	• direct seeding
	• tube planting
	 hand or machine assisted planting of seedlings
	planting of divisions
	transplanting
	assisted regeneration
	natural regeneration
Inspections	May include but not limited to:
	 checking that access paths are clear of debris, waste material,
	tools, equipment and machinery
	 ensuring that equipment and machinery is disabled after use
	 ensuring that signage and safety barriers are removed
	 removing debris and waste from the work area swiftly and efficiently
Materials	May include but not limited to:
	• cleared vegetation
	• dead logs
	• boulders

Evidence Gui	de			
Critical aspects	s of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:		
Competence		• the requirements, procedures and instructions for rehabilitating exploration sites		
		 implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for the safe, effective and efficient completion of the rehabilitation of exploration sites 		
		 working with others to undertake and complete the rehabilitation of exploration sites that meet all of the required outcomes 		
		• consister	nt timely completion of the rehabilitation o	f exploration
	C	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1

Page 73 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 73 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	sites that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the required
	outcomes
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and	• provisions of the Workplace Health and Safety Acts, their
Attitudes	regulations and code of practice
	particular State regulations relating to rehabilitation
	relevant OHS requirements associated with rehabilitation activities
	rehabilitation principles and practices
	rehabilitation planning
	environmental work procedures
	hazards associated with rehabilitation work
	• types and operational characteristics of plant/equipment used in rehabilitation operations
	basic maintenance
	environmental principles and practices
	re-vegetation methods and types
	hole-capping methods
	recording and reporting
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills of:
	 apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures
	apply communication and recording skills
	apply manual and mechanical handling techniques
	apply maintenance requirements and procedures
	apply procedures to acquire required licences and permits
	apply diagnostic and troubleshooting procedures
	• use hand tools
	apply problem solving techniques
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to
NA II I C	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	• Interview / Written Test
0	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a
Assessment	simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III			
Unit Title	Operate and Maintain Instruments and Field Equipment		
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 05 0114		
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the operation and maintenance of instruments and field equipment in the exploration/mining industry. It includes planning and preparing for the use of instruments and field equipment, testing instruments and field equipment, calibrating instruments and field equipment, operating instruments and field equipment, identifying faults in instruments and field equipment, and commissioning new instruments and equipment.		

Elements	Performance Criteria
Plan and prepare for use of instruments and field equipment	1.1. <i>Compliance documentation</i> relevant to the work activity is accessed, interpreted and applied.
	1.2. Work is planned and prepared.
	1.3. Communication is done with other personnel using approved communication methods.
	1.4. Personal protective equipment appropriate for work activities is selected.
	Appropriate type of auxiliary equipment is selected for work activities.
	1.6. Equipment pre-start checks are performed to ensure <i>equipment</i> is ready for operation.
	1.7. Potential risks and hazards are identified, addressed and reported.
	1.8. <i>Environmental issues</i> are identified, addressed and reported.
	Emergency procedures are adhered to ensure safety of personnel and plant.
2. Test	2.1. Safety checks are performed.
instrument/field equipment	2.2. Potential faults and/or malfunctions of instruments/field equipment are identified.
	2.3. Damaged or unsafe instruments/field equipment is labeled and reported and removed from service.
	2.4. Ensure operational log books are up dated.
3. Calibrate	3.1. Calibration schedules are closely followed.
instruments/field equipment	3.2. Calibration instruments/equipment is labeled out and other operatives are advised promptly.
	3.3. Cause/s of incorrect calibration is identified.

Page 75 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	3.4. New base calibration is performed.
	3.5. Recommission instrument/equipment.
	3.6. Compliance and calibration report is prepared as required.
4. Operate instruments/field	4.1. Instrument/equipment settings are optimized for the particular measurement or analysis.
equipment	4.2. Measurements are performed with the optimum precision given field and technical constraints.
	4.3. Time and materials are used efficiently and measurements performed in priority order.
	4.4. Data is assessed against quality control information, known standards and references for accuracy and precision.
	 Measurements are repeated where non-standard results are obtained.
5. Maintain	5.1. Preventative <i>maintenance</i> is performed.
instruments/field equipment	5.2. Equipment and faults are identified and reported.
	5.3. Minor repairs are performed within limits of authorization.
	5.4. Defective parts are replaced and adjustments made.
	5.5. Expert help is sought where difficulties are encountered.
	5.6. Maintenance and calibration records are updated.
6. Identify faults in	6.1. The nature of the fault is identified and clarified.
instruments/field equipment	6.2. Likely causes of fault are determined and ranked.
- 4- 1-	6.3. Simple checks and tests are applied.
	6.4. Suitable tools and equipment are obtained to test faults.
	6.5. Fault finding methodology is applied.
7. Commission new instruments	7.1. Commissioning procedures are arranged with manufacturer's agent as required.
and equipment	7.2. Instruments/equipment is unpacked, checked and assembled according to manufacturer's warranty requirements.
	7.3. Instrument/equipment is calibrated to meet manufacturer's specifications.
	7.4. Instrument/equipment performance is checked against specifications prior to acceptance of item.
	7.5. Operating instructions available are prepared and made.

Variable	Range
Relevant	May include but not limited to:
compliance documentation	 legislative, organisational and site requirements and procedures
	instrument/equipment manual

Page 76 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	manufacturer's guidelines and specifications
	industry standards
	Employment and workplace relations legislation
	Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination
	legislation
Instruments and	May include but not limited to:
field equipment	• motors
	generators
	hand and power tools
	two way radios
	mobile communications equipment
	surveying equipment (e.g. theodolite/Total station)
	satellite navigation system
	memory magnetometer
	gravity meter
	Resistivity meter
	IP transmitter and receiver
	tem transmitter and receiver
	gamma spectrometer
	seismograph
	• well logger
	data logger
	portable PC
Potential risks and	May include but not limited to:
hazards	abandoned equipment
nazarao	adverse weather conditions (electrical storms, floods, fires,
	extreme heat)
	• chemicals
	contaminants (dust, noise, etc)
	equipment
	• fences
	materials
	• personnel
	• pot holes
	unsafe ground
	• vehicles
Francisco proportal	old workings May include but not limited to:
Environmental	May include but not limited to:
issues	• drainage
	• dust
	• emissions
	flora and fauna
	hazardous chemicals
	• noise
	• run-off
	• spills
İ	waste management and disposal

Page 77 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 77 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	water quality
Maintenance	May include but not limited to:
	 replacing 'remove and replace' components
	lubrication
	working adjustments to tolerances
	cleaning and storing
	completing usage records
Legislation	May include but not limited to:
	mining safety and health
	mine inspection
	• OHS
	explosives
Operating	May include but not limited to:
conditions	day and night
	laboratory
	field environment
	dry and wet
	stable ground
	broken ground
	various natural landscapes
	working over old underground workings and voids

Evidence Guide	
Critical aspects of Competence	 Demonstrate knowledge and skills to: the requirements, procedures and instructions for operating and maintaining instruments and field equipment implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for the safe, effective and efficient completion of instrument and field equipment operation and maintenance working with others to undertake and complete the operation and maintenance of instruments and field equipment that meets all of the required outcomes consistent timely completion of instrument and field equipments operation and maintenance that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the required outcomes
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	 Demonstrate knowledge of: manufacturer's operating requirements for instruments and equipment manufacturer's calibration procedures company and site policy and procedures regarding instrument and equipment use instrument and equipment test methods
Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrate skills of: apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures for operating and maintaining instruments and field equipment use hand and power tools use calibration equipment

Page 79 of 199	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page /8 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	use test equipment	
	employ fault finding procedures	
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,	
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to	
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a	
Assessment	simulated work place setting.	

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III		
Unit Title	Prepare Drill Site	
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 06 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the preparation of a drill site in the exploration/mining industry. It includes planning for drill site preparation, creating access to the drill site, preparing the drill site, minimising impact of contaminated groundwater, and managing rare flora.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Plan for drill site preparation	1.1. Compliance documentation relevant to the work activity is accessed, interpreted and applied.
	1.2. The drill site layout plan is accessed to confirm the location, size and configuration of the proposed drill site.
	1.3. <i>Potential hazards</i> and risks are identified, addressed and reported.
	1.4. Appropriate <i>personal protective equipment</i> is selected and worn.
	1.5. Communication system and protocols are established.
	1.6. <i>Plant and equipment</i> pre-start checks are carried out.
2. Create access	2.1. Existing tracks and use for entry are identified to drill site.
to drill site	2.2. If necessary, new tracks which minimises water flows and erosion are created by following the natural contours of the land.
	2.3. New tracks are created to drill site which minimise the clearing of vegetation by avoiding large trees and preserving root stocks.
	2.4. Blades are raised to a minimum of 150mm when using machinery to prepare access blade.
	2.5. Larger trees are cut or trimmed if unavoidable.
	2.6. Cleared vegetation is stockpiled or windrowed for use during site rehabilitation.
3. Prepare drill site	3.1. Drill site removing minimum vegetation is cleared.
	3.2. Permission is sought from appropriate person to move hole location if vegetation significantly impedes access to the proposed drill site.
	3.3. <i>Ground cover</i> is manually cleared to prevent fire hazards to drill rig.
	3.4. Mature trees are left undisturbed.
	3.5. Sumps and bunds on the downside of the hole collar location

Daga 90 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 80 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	are built.
	3.6 Sufficiently large and safe flat working area is prepared for drilling operation.
Minimise impact of contaminated groundwater	4.1. The possible presence of groundwater which may be a threat to vegetation is identified during drilling operations.
	4.2. If groundwater is discovered, appropriate number of sumps is constructed to recommended configuration and distances from the drill rig location.
	4.3. Topsoil removed from sump construction is stored separately to facilitate more effective rehabilitation.
5. Manage rare flora	5.1. The presence and type of rare flora are determined before clearing vegetation.
	5.2. Advice on the <i>action to be taken</i> is sought where rare flora are identified.

Variable	Range	
Relevant	May include but not limited to:	
compliance documentation	 legislative, organisational and site requirements and procedures 	
	manufacturer's guidelines and specifications	
	industry standards	
	Employment and workplace relations legislation	
	 Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination legislation 	
Potential hazards	May include but not limited to:	
	 disturbance or interruption of services 	
	solar radiation	
	• dust	
	• noise	
	air- and soil-borne micro-organisms	
	chemicals and hazardous substances	
	sharp hand tools and equipment	
	manual handling	
	moving machinery and machinery parts	
	slippery and uneven surfaces	
	dehydration	
	• stings	
	contaminated groundwater	
Personal Protectiv	May include but not limited to:	
Equipment	• hat	
	• boots	
	• overalls	
	• gloves	
	• goggles	
	respirator or face maskface guard	
Page 81 of 122	Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1	
Page 81 of 122 Min	istry of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014	

	• hadring protection
	hearing protection distribution waster.
	drinking water
	sunscreen lotion
Division	hard hat
Plant and	May include but not limited to:
equipment	hydraulic excavators
	wheel loaders
	crawler dozers
	crawler loaders
	motor graders and scrapers
	• backhoes
	chainsaw
Ground cover	May include but not limited to:
	• grass
	spinifex
	undergrowth
Sumps	May include but not limited to:
	be located away from any significant vegetation to minimise
	disturbance to roots and to prevent horizontal transmission of
	saline water and potentially hostile material coming into contact
	with vegetation
	 have one side that is ramped at approximately 45° to allow
	animals that may fall into the sump to escape
Action to be taken	May include but not limited to:
	if a single or small number of plants are found:
	> note location
	if work activity is planned for the area, relocate work activity
	> report to regulator
	if a large community of plants is located:
	> note location
	if work activity is planned for the area, contact regulator and determine course of action
	if sustained communities of plants are located:
	 note location
	if work activity is planned for the area, contact regulator and
	obtain concurrence to continue work program

Evidence Guide			
Critical aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:		
Competence	 the requirements, procedures and instructions for preparation of a drill site 		
	 implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for the safe, effective and efficient preparation of a drill site working with others to undertake and complete the preparation of a drill site that meets all of the required outcomes consistent timely preparation of a drill site that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the required outcomes 		

Page 82 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 82 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes Underpinning Skills	 Demonstrate knowledge of: provisions of the Workplace Health and Safety Acts, their regulations and code of practice particular state regulations relating to vegetation clearing drill site layout plans environmental work procedures hazards associated with drill site preparation work types and operational characteristics of plant/equipment used in creating access tracks and for drill site preparation operations basic maintenance fire control methods environmental principles and practices types and identification of rare flora type and identification of contaminated groundwater re-vegetation methods recording and reporting Demonstrate skills of:
Underpirining Skills	 apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures for preparation of a drill site apply communication and recording skills perform manual and mechanical handling perform basic maintenance skills acquire required licences and permits apply diagnostic and troubleshooting procedures use hand tools solve problems
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III		
Unit Title	Provide Geological Field Assistance	
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 07 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the provision of geological field assistance in the exploration/ mining industry. It includes assistance in planning and preparing for geological field work, placer exploration/evaluation, collecting and classifying common rocks, soil, stream sediment, water, ores and minerals, using geological maps and sections.	

Elements	Performance Criteria		
Plan and prepare for geological field	1.1. Compliance documentation relevant to the work activity is accessed, interpreted and applied.		
assistance	1.2. Work is planned and prepared according to compliance documentation and <i>operating conditions</i> .		
	1.3. Roster change is received, interpreted and clarified over details.		
	1.4. <i>Communications</i> method and protocols are arranged with field team members.		
	1.5. Personal protective equipment that is appropriate for work activities selected.		
	1.6. Relevant geological instruments and field equipment for work activities are selected and obtained.		
	1.7. Geological instrument and field equipment checks are performed to ensure instruments and equipment that are ready for operation.		
	 Potential risks and hazards are identified, addressed and reported. 		
	.9. <i>Environmental issues</i> are identified, addressed and reported.		
	1.10. Emergency procedures are adhered to ensure safety of personnel and equipment.		
2. Explore and	2.1. Potential <i>placer environments</i> are identified.		
evaluate placer deposits	2.2. Placer exploration is planned and conducted.		
	2.4. Reserve estimation is conducted.		
3. Collect and classify common rocks, soil, stream	3.1. Rock, soil, stream sediment, water, ore and mineral samples are taken according to site procedures and geologists requirements.		
sediment, water, gas/oil, ores and	2.2. Field activities and results are communicated to relevant personnel.		
minerals	2.3. Specimens or outcrops are examined to identify the		

		properties and classify specimens into geological types.
	2.4.	Records of all sampling results are compiled.
3. Use geological maps and sections	3.1.	Symbols are interpreted to read geological maps and sections.
	3.2.	Geological features and structures are identified.
	3.3.	Geographical features are interpreted and recorded from landforms and maps.
	3.4.	Weathered outcrop, simple features are identified as signs of the fresh rock type.
	4.5.	Basic geological surveying techniques are carried out.

Variable	Range			
Relevant compliance	· ·			
documentation	 legislative, organisational and site requirements and procedures 			
	operating conditions			
	manufacturer's guidelines and specifications			
	industry standards			
	Employment and workplace relations legislation			
	Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination			
Operating conditions	legislation			
Operating conditions	·			
	day and nightlaboratory			
	field environment			
	dry and wet			
	stable ground			
	stable groundbroken ground			
	various landscapesworking over old under-ground workings and voids			
Communications	May include but not limited to:			
	verbal (face-to-face or radio)			
	• e-mail			
	facsimile			
	memorandum			
	shift hand over documents			
Geological	May include but not limited to:			
instruments and field	hand lens			
equipment	magnifying glass			
	wide mouth bottle			
	 horse shoe magnet 			
	 digital scale, pocket scale, etc. 			
	spring balance			
	• compass			
	• GPS			
	geological pick hammer			
	two way radios Mineral Exploration Varging 1			
	opyright Mineral Exploration Version 1 y of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014			
I WITH ISO	2. Internal Companion Standard Standard Standard			

	surveying equipment (e.g. theodolite)
	clinometer
	tape measure
	portable PC
	• protractor
	• scale rule
	• balance
	• stereoscope
	sample splitter
	• sieve
	pan, gera seren
	• crow bar
	• shovel
	mattock
	soil pail
	shelby sampling tubes
	 manual crusher (mortar and pestle, sledge hammer, etc)
	Ph-meter
	Electric conductivity meter
	Water dip meter
	communication radio
	geophones
	• electrodes
	multi-meter (electrical)
	Portable handheld XRF
	Schmidt hammer
	DCP hammer (Dynamic Cone Penetration)
	SPT hammer (Standard Penetration Test)
	• core cutter
	specific gravity measuring equipment
Potential risks and	susceptibility meter May include but not limited to:
hazards	May include but not limited to:
Hazarus	abandoned equipment adia in in a mit was the
	adjoining pit walls
	adverse weather conditions (electrical storms, floods, fires)
	• chemicals
	contaminants
	equipment
	• fences
	• holes
	materials
	over-hanging rocks
	personnel
	pot holes
	unsafe ground/unstable faces
	• vehicles
Environmental	May include but not limited to:

Dogo 96 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 86 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

г.	
issues	culturally-sensitive sites and artefacts
	drainage
	• dust
	emissions
	flora and fauna
	hazardous chemicals
	heritage legislation
	noise
	runoff
	• spills
	·
	water quality
	• erosion
	rehabilitation
Placer	May include but not limited to:
environments	elluvial
	colluvial
	alluvial
Diagon overlandian	
Placer exploration	May include but not limited to:
	grid setup
	geophysics
	excavation (pitting, trenching, hand augering, etc.)
	• sampling
	• panning
	'
	logging and data recording (gold count, weighing
	concentrates, payable horizon thickness, volume of excavated
	material, etc)
Reserve estimation	May include but not limited to:
	data processing
	calculating grade using appropriate methods
Rock, soil, water,	May include but not limited to:
ore and mineral	rock includes:
	 sedimentary rock (mudstone, sandstone, conglomerate,
	etc)
	igneous rock (gabbro, granite, basalt, rhyolite, etc)
	metamorphic rock (slate, phyllite, schist, gneiss, marble,
	etc)
	soil includes:
	weathered products of rocks (insitu and
	transported)resting above bedrock
	disturbed/undisturbed
	stream sediment
	> clay, silt, sand, gravel (alluvial sediments)
	, ,
	water includes:
	spring, stream, lake, groundwater
	ore and mineral include:
	metallic ore (source of metals such as gold, tantalum, iron
	nickel, copper, zinc, etc.)
	> non-metallic minerals and rocks such as chemical
	motamo rimio dio dia roomo duon do onormali

Page 87 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 87 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	industrial minerals, energy minerals, ceramic materials,		
	construction raw materials, gemstones, etc		
Sample	May include :		
	• soil		
	stream sediment		
	• water		
	• steam, gas/oil		
	rock or mineral hand specimen		
	pit/trench samples		
	drill core/drill chips/drill sludge		
	 Quality Assurance Quality Control (QAQC) samples 		
	Bulk metallurgical sample		
	oriented sample		
Records	May include but not limited to:		
	field note book entries		
	filling in forms/templates and logs		
	memorandums		
	log (horizon characteristics)		
	grain count		
	concentrates weight		
	facsimiles/photographs		
	• sketches		
	map sections		
	formal reports		
O. mada ada	audio recorded messages		
Symbols	May include to:		
	• contacts		
	• faults		
	dip and strikescale bars		
	• north points		
	• legends		
	geological age		

Evidence Guide	
Critical aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:
Competence	 the requirements, procedures and instructions for providing geological field assistance implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for the safe, effective and efficient completion of providing geological field assistance working with others to undertake and complete the provision of geological field assistance that meets all of the required outcomes consistent timely completion of providing geological field assistance that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the required outcomes
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:

Dogg 99 of 199	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 88 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Knowledge and				
Knowledge and	methods of sampling and sample identification			
Attitudes	geology of rock, ore and mineral deposits			
	placer exploration/evaluation			
	classification of rock, ore and minerals			
	geometry of geological structures on maps and in field			
	 company and site policy and procedures regarding geological field work 			
	 types and functions of geological instruments and field equipment 			
	safe and correct use of instruments and equipment in the field			
	sampling procedures and requirements			
	communications methods and protocols			
	recording and reporting systems			
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills of:			
	apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and			
	procedures for the provision of geological field assistance			
	drive all-terrain vehicles			
	 access, interpret and apply technical and safety information 			
	communicate and coordinate activities with others			
	keep plant and equipment records			
	apply diagnostic/faultfinding techniques			
	comply with environmental requirements			
	work in a team environment			
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,			
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to			
p.iioatioii	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.			
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:			
Assessment	Interview / Written Test			
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning			
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a			
Assessment	simulated work place setting.			
	- communication processoring.			

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III		
Unit Title	Process Data and Maintain Accurate Records	
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 08 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers processing data and maintaining accurate records in exploration/mining industry. It includes using and maintaining data, analysing and presenting data, and maintaining accurate records	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Use and maintain data	1.1. Compliance documentation relevant to processing data and maintaining accurate records is accessed, interpreted and applied.
	1.2. Available computer technologies are used according to organization licensing, manufacturers' specifications and local procedures.
	1.3. <i>Data</i> suitable for database system is identified and coded.
	1.4. Computer output is checked and verified.
	1.5. Suitable and appropriate software is utilized to store and retrieve data.
	1.6. Data is transferred effectively.
Analyse and present data	2.1. Accurate and relevant observations are recorded in a form accessible to others.
	2.2. Appropriate <i>conventions and symbols</i> are used.
	2.3. Instrument readouts are converted into a form suitable for interpretation.
	2.4. Computer technology is used to analyze data.
	2.5. Results are presented in format that meets organizational standards.
3. Maintain accurate	3.1. <i>Records</i> , procedures and techniques are documented and updated.
records	3.2. Information is filed and stored.

Variable	Range
Relevant compliance documentation	 May include but not limited to: legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures manufacturer's guidelines and specifications industry standards code of practice Employment and workplace relations legislation Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination legislation
Data	May include but not limited to:

Page 00 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 90 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	results of tests
	 measurements and analyses
	computer database information
	manual notes
	• maps
	• sketches
	• diagrams
Software	May include but not limited to:
	database software
	spreadsheet software
	statistical analysis software
	GIS softwares
Conventions and	May include but not limited to:
symbols	• overlays
	• maps
	• reports
	scientific notation
	terminology
	• references
Records	May include but not limited to:
	equipment
	materials
	• safety
	• budgets
	test results
	 product/process testing
	calibrations of equipment
	maintenance history of equipment
	warranty information
	manufacturer's manuals
	OHS events
	expenditure
	file and sample locations
·	•

Evidence Guide				
Critical aspect Competence	s of	 Demonstrate knowledge and skills to: the requirements, procedures and instructions for processing data and maintaining accurate records implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for the safe, effective and efficient processing of data and maintenance of accurate records working with others to process data and maintain accurate records that meet all of the required outcomes consistent timely completion of processing data and maintaining of accurate records that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the required outcomes 		techniques data and accurate nd
Underpinning Knowledge and		Demonstrate knowledge of: • requirements and procedures		
Page 91 of 122		Copyright y of Education	Mineral Exploration Ethiopian Occupational Standard	Version 1 January 2014

Attitudes	 computer software (database, spreadsheet, word processing, GIS) data presentation modes filing systems storage methods
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills of: apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and procedures apply procedures for entering data into computer software apply data analysis techniques apply report writing requirements and procedures apply computer software report prepare requirements and procedures
Resources Implication	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III		
Unit Title	Mobilise Equipment and Materials	
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 09 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the mobilisation of materials and equipment in the exploration/ mining industry. It includes preparing for mobilisation to site, carrying out pre-start and routine checks, proceeding to the exploration site, and carrying out basic operator maintenance.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Prepare for mobilisation	1.1. <i>Compliance documentation</i> relevant to the work activity is accessed, interpreted and applied.
to site	1.2. Safety <i>rules and regulations</i> including site rules safety plans and site specific instructions are observed.
	1.3. Operational safety is checked by carrying out pre-start inspection procedures according to manufacturer's specifications, company and/or site requirements.
	1.4. Briefing details are received, interpreted and clarified in accordance with requirements.
	1.5. <i>Vehicle</i> , vehicle kit, camping equipment, First Aid kit, survival kit and personal equipment are prepared for remote assignment.
2. Carry out pre-start and	2.1. Pre-start, daily engine, fuel and fluid level checks are carried out according to manufacturer/supplier instructions.
routine checks	2.2. Safety procedures are observed while checking hydraulic systems, high-pressure air, electrical circuits and batteries.
3. Proceed to exploration	3.1. Vehicle is driven in accordance with policies and procedures and State regulation.
site	3.2. Safe driving techniques are applied to all vehicles.
	3.3. <i>Loads</i> are positioned/arranged so they will be carried in a safe manner to prevent loss/damage to vehicle or cargo.
	3.4. A <i>range of load restraints/lashings</i> are used to secure various loads to a vehicle.
	3.5. Ground conditions are identified and assessed before driving vehicle across country.
	3.6. Vehicle is driven <i>off road</i> in a range of <i>terrains</i>
	3.7. Stall recovery is demonstrates.
	3.8. <i>Maps</i> , <i>communication and navigation aids/equipment</i> are used.
	3.9. Potential/actual hazards on the route are identified and avoided.
	3.10. Emergency procedures are carried out in accordance with manufacturer's and/or company requirements.

Page 93 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	3.11. Basic survival techniques are recognized and demonstrated for a range of situations.
	3.12. <i>Information is communicated</i> to base or other vehicles.
	3.13. Move to site and all required documentation is completed.
4. Carry out basic	4.1. Hazards, and methods of minimizing are identified, in conducting maintenance, particularly in the field.
operator maintenance	4.2. Minor repairs/replacements are carried out as required in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.
	4.3. Minor breakdowns/bogging are/is overcome using <i>recovery techniques</i> .
	4.4. Vehicle washing and housekeeping are carried out regularly according to site requirements.

Variable	Range
Relevant	May include but not limited to:
compliance	 legislative, organisational and site requirements and procedures
documentation	manufacturer's guidelines and specifications
	industry standards
	Employment and workplace relations legislation
	 Equal Employment Opportunity and Disability Discrimination legislation
Rules and	May include but not limited to:
regulations	 industrial safety regulations and legislation/organisation policy/procedures covering same
	driving manuals
	 safety code of practice, signs and hazard codes
	 Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), container labels
	manufacturer's specifications
	 employer's procedure manual/work instruction/safety analysis/directive
	company instructions
	maps and plans
	vehicle log books
	accident investigation forms
Vehicles	May include but not limited to:
	any two-wheel drive passenger vehicle
	all-wheel drive sedan/utility/station wagon
	light trucks (usually table tops)
	heavy support vehicles
	heavy vehicles (such as drill rigs)
	towed vehicle/trailer
Loads	May include but not limited to:
	materials for exploration operations
	spares for all equipment
	fuels for all equipment, including oils and other lubricants

Page 94 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	other hazardous substances and equipment
	water tanks
	ancillary equipment (e.g. pumps, generators, lighting plant)
	compressors, caravans and/or vehicles
	• pallets
	• fluids
	bulk materials
	decontamination (cleaning) chemicals
	safety equipment including personal protective equipment
	towed load
Terrain	May include but not limited to:
	state and federal roads, sealed and unsealed
	tracks or trails (e.g. mining and forestry access roads, fire trails)
	off-road, where surface may vary in type, condition, gradient
	barriers such as streams, gullies, sand dunes, banks
Hazards	May include but not limited to:
	power lines
	• fences, gates
	natural disasters (e.g. floods)
	LPG appliances/canisters
	other transported gas cylinders
	portable and fixed winches
	 road transport hazards (e.g. braking with loads, camber, hills,
	rough surfaces)
	serviceability of slings, tow ropes, shackles, snatch blocks
	lashings, vehicle restraining structures, decks, steps and jacks
Range of load	May include but not limited to:
restraint/lashing	direct lashings
s	indirect lashings
	combination of direct and indirect lashings
	knots (securing loads on vehicles)
Driving a vehicle	May include but not limited to:
off-road	driving on rocky trails
	steep gradients
	driving in mud
	crossing sand dunes/crossing rivers
	stall recovery - ascent and descent
Maps,	May include but not limited to:
communications	• compass
and navigation	Global Positioning System (GPS)
aids	range of maps and diagrams
	topographical information
Basic survival	May include:
techniques	coping with breakdowns in the bush or isolated areas
.55	physical and emotional requirements in an emergency and in
	isolated areas
	methods of self protection to enhance survival
	The memode of soil protection to enhance survival

Page 95 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	1	
	sources of water	
	making fire/protecting the environment	
	signalling search parties/aircraft	
	search party assistance	
	determining directions/locations	
	 remaining in control/assisting other team members 	
	 coping with accidents and illness/First Aid within limits of 	
	competency	
	reading and interpreting maps	
Information	May include:	
communicated	use of two way radio	
	SAT phones, mobile phones	
	reporting defects, necessary detours, work hazards, changes in	
	environmental patterns (e.g. storm, flood)	
	phonetic alphabet	
	call signs and radio protocols	
Documentation	May include:	
	log books/service records	
	pre-drive checks	
Minor repairs/	May include:	
replacements	wheel changing/rotation	
·	using jumper leads	
	charging/servicing batteries	
	bleeding brakes	
	bleeding hydraulic system	
	adjusting clutch	
	bleeding fuel system	
	servicing air cleaners	
	changing oil and oil filters	
	greasing/lubrication	
	 basic pre-drive operational checks of a vehicle 	
Recovery	May include:	
techniques	• jacking	
	• winching	
	• rigging	
	• towing	
	1 - towning	

Evidence Guide	
Critical aspects of Competence	 Demonstrate knowledge and skills to: the requirements, procedures and instructions for mobilising equipment and materials implementation of requirements, procedures and techniques for the safe, effective and efficient completion of equipment and materials mobilisation working with others to undertake and complete the mobilisation of materials and equipment that meets all of the required outcomes consistent timely completion of equipment and materials mobilisation that safely, effectively and efficiently meets the

Page 96 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 96 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	required outcomes
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:
Knowledge and	 provisions of the Workplace Health and Safety Acts, their
Attitudes	regulations and code of practice
	 particular state regulations relating to operations
	 reasons of loads shift and methods of preventing shifting
	 number and types of lashings to apply, fixing points and basic
	knots
	safe carrying of loads
	, ,
	a range of acquired safety and survival skills driving with the minimum of demand to vehicles, acquirement and
	driving with the minimum of damage to vehicles, equipment and
	structures
	relevant OHS requirements for transport and storage of materials
	and equipment
	operational and maintenance procedures
	a basic knowledge of hydraulic systems, components and
	cleanliness requirements
	a basic knowledge of internal combustion motors and the major
	components
	a basic knowledge of electricity and in particular, the associated
	hazards
	use, transport and storage of LPG and LPG appliances
	recording and reporting
Underpinning	Demonstrate skills of:
Skills	apply legislative, organisation and site requirements and
	procedures for the mobilisation of equipment and materials
	apply communication and recording skills
	perform manual and mechanical handling
	drive laden vehicles (on and off road)
	perform basic maintenance skills
	apply knots, load securing devices and attachment points for
	loaded vehicles
	apply recovery techniques for bogged plant/vehicles
	acquire required licences and permits
	apply diagnostic and troubleshooting procedures
	use hand tools
	solve problems
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information
	on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
	work place setting.
Implication Methods of Assessment	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices. Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written Test Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated

Page 97 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 97 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III		
Unit Title	Implement and Monitor Environmentally Sustainable Work Practices	
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 10 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit describes the performance outcomes, skills and knowledge required to effectively analyse the workplace in relation to environmentally sustainable work practices and to implement improvements and monitor their effectiveness. This unit requires the ability to access industry information, applicable legislative and Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) guidelines.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Investigate current practices in relation to	Environmental regulations applying to the enterprise are identified.
resource usage	1.2. Procedures are analyzing for assessing <i>compliance</i> with environmental/sustainability regulations.
	 Information on environmental and resource efficiency systems and procedures is collected, and provided to the work group where appropriate.
	1.4. Information from a range of sources is collected, analyzed and organized to provide information/advice and tools/resources for improvement opportunities.
	1.5. Current resource usage of members of the work group is measured and documented.
	 Current purchasing strategies are analyzed and documented.
	1.7. Current work processes are analyzed to access information and data to assist in identifying areas for improvement.
Set targets for improvements	2.1. Input is sought from stakeholders , key personnel and specialists .
	2.2. External sources of information and data are accessed as required.
	Alternative solutions are evaluated to workplace environmental issues.
	2.4. Efficiency targets are set.
3. Implement performance improvement strategies	3.1. Appropriate <i>techniques and tools</i> are sourced and used to assist in achieving efficiency targets.
	3.2. Continuous improvement strategies are applied to own work area of responsibility, including ideas and possible solutions to communicate to the work group and management.
	3.3. Environmental and resource efficiency improvement
	Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1 y of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014

	plans are implemented and integrated for own work group with other operational activities.
	3.4. Team members are supervised and supported to identify possible areas for improved practices and resource efficiency in work area.
	3.5. Suggestions and ideas about environmental and resource efficiency management are sought from stakeholders and acted upon where appropriate.
	3.6. Costing strategies are implemented to fully value environmental assets.
4. Monitor performance	4.1. Evaluation and monitoring, tools and technology are used and/or developed.
	4.2. Outcomes to report on efficiency targets are documented and communicated to key personnel and stakeholders.
	4.3. Strategies and improvement plans are evaluated.
	4.4. New efficiency targets are set, and new tools and strategies are investigated and applied.
	4.5. Successful strategies and reward participants are promoted where possible.

Variable	Range
Compliance	May include but not limited to:
	 meeting relevant laws, by-laws and regulations or best practice or codes of practice to support compliance in environmental performance and sustainability at each level as required (such as Environmental Protection or Biodiversity Conservation Act): international national local industry organisation.
Sources	May include but not limited to:
	organisation specifications
	regulatory sources
	relevant stakeholders
	• resource use.
Purchasing	May include but not limited to:
strategies	 influencing suppliers to take up environmental sustainability approaches
	 researching and participating in programs such as a supply chain program to purchase sustainable products
Stakeholders, key	May include but not limited to:
personnel and specialists	 individuals and groups both inside and outside the organisation who have direct or indirect interest in the organisation's conduct, actions, products and services, including: customers

Page 99 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	employees at all levels of the organization
	> government
	> investors
	local community
	other organizations
	➤ suppliers
	• key personnel within the organisation, and specialists outside
	the organisation who may have particular technical expertise.
Techniques and	May include but not limited to:
tools	examination of invoices from suppliers
	examination of relevant information and data
	measurements made under different conditions
	others as appropriate to the specific industry context
Environmental and	May include but not limited to:
resource efficiency improvement plans	addressing environmental and resource sustainability initiatives such as environmental management systems, action plans, green office, surveys and audits
	applying the waste management hierarchy in the workplace
	 determining organisation's most appropriate waste treatment including waste to landfill, recycling, re-use, recoverable
	resources and wastewater treatment
	• initiating and/or maintaining appropriate organisational
	procedures for operational energy consumption, including
	stationary energy and non-stationary (transport)
	• preventing and minimising risks, and maximising opportunities
	such as:
	improving resource/energy efficiency
	reducing emissions of greenhouse gases
	• reducing use of non-renewable resources
	 referencing standards, guidelines and approaches such as: ecological footprinting
	Global Reporting Initiative
	 green office program - a cultural change program
	green purchasing
	➤ ISO 14001:1996 Environmental management systems life
	cycle analyses
	product stewardship
	 supply chain management
	 sustainability covenants/compacts
	triple bottom line reporting
Suggestions	May include but not limited to:
	• prevent and minimise risks and maximise opportunities such as:
	 usage of solar or renewable energies where appropriate
	reducing emissions of greenhouse gases
	reducing use of non-renewable resources
	 making more efficient use of resources, energy and water
	maximising opportunities to re-use, recycle and reclaim
	materials
	identifying strategies to offset or mitigate environmental
	Converget Minoral Evaluation Various 1

Page 100 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 100 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

impacts:

Ministry of Education

- purchasing carbon credits
- > energy conservation
- > reducing chemical use
- > reducing material consumption
- expressing purchasing power through the selection of suppliers with improved environmental performance e.g. purchasing renewable energy
- eliminating the use of hazardous and toxic materials

Evidence Guide			
Critical aspects of	Demonstrate knowledge and skills to:		
Competence	relevant compliance requirements within work area		
	developing plans to make improvements		
	 planning and organising work group activities in relation to measuring current use and devising strategies to improve usage 		
	 monitoring resource use and improvements for environmental performance relative to work area and supervision 		
	 ensuring appropriate action is taken within work area in relation to environmental/sustainability compliance and potential hazards 		
	 implementing new approaches to work area in an effort to resolve and improve environmental and resource efficiency issues and reporting as required 		
Underpinning	Demonstrate knowledge of:		
Knowledge and Attitudes	 best practice approaches relevant to own area of responsibility and industry 		
	 compliance requirements within work area for all relevant environmental/sustainability legislation, regulations and codes of practice including resource hazards/risks associated with work area, job specifications and procedures 		
	 environmental and energy efficiency issues, systems and procedures specific to industry practice 		
	 external benchmarks and support for particular benchmarks to be used within organisation, including approaches to improving resource use for work area and expected outcomes OHS issues and requirements 		
	 organisational structure and reporting channels and procedures 		
	 quality assurance systems relevant to own work area 		
	strategies to maximise opportunities and to minimise impact relevant to own work area		
	 supply chain procedures 		
	 terms and conditions of employment including policies and 		
	procedures, such as daily tasks, work area responsibilities,		
	employee, supervisor and employer rights, equal opportunity		
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills of:		
 analytical skills to analyse problems, to devise solutions and to 			
	Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1		

Ethiopian Occupational Standard

January 2014

	reflect on approaches taken
	change management skills
	communication skills to answer questions, clarify and
	acknowledge suggestions relating to work requirements and efficiency
	 communication/consultation skills to support information flow from stakeholders to the work group
	 innovation skills to identify improvements, to apply knowledge about resource use to organisational activities and to develop tools
	literacy skills to comprehend documentation, to interpret environmental and energy efficiency requirements, to create tools to measure and monitor improvements and to report outcomes
	numeracy skills to analyse data on organisational resource consumption and waste product volumes
	 planning and organising skills to implement environmental and energy efficiency management polices and procedures relevant to own work area
	 problem-solving skills to devise approaches to improved environmental sustainability and to develop alternative approaches as required
	 technology skills to operate and shut down equipment; where relevant, to use software systems for recording and filing documentation to measure current usage; and to use word processing and other basic software for interpreting charts, flowcharts, graphs and other visual data and information supervisory skills to work effectively with a team
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:
Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a
Assessment	simulated work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III		
Unit Title	Monitor Implementation of Work Plan/Activities	
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 11 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers competence required to oversee and monitor the quality of work operations within an enterprise. This unit may be carried out by team leaders or supervisors.	

Elements	Performance Criteria
Monitor and improve workplace operations	1.1 Efficiency and service levels are monitored on an ongoing basis.
	1.2 Operations in the workplace support overall enterprise goals and quality assurance initiatives.
	1.3 Quality problems and issues are promptly identified and adjustments are made accordingly.
	1.4 Procedures and systems are changed in consultation with colleagues to improve efficiency and effectiveness.
	1.5 Colleagues are consulted about ways to improve efficiency and service levels.
2. Plan and	2.1 Current workload of colleagues is accurately assessed.
organise workflow	2.2 Work is scheduled in a manner which enhances efficiency and customer service quality.
	2.3 Work is delegated to appropriate people in accordance with principles of delegation.
	2.4 Workflow is assessed against agreed objectives and timelines and colleagues are assisted in prioritisation of workload.
	2.5 Input is provided to appropriate management regarding staffing needs.
3. Maintain workplace records	3.1 Workplace records are accurately completed and submitted within required timeframes.
	3.2 Where appropriate completion of records is delegated and monitored prior to submission.
4. Solve problems and	4.1 Workplace problems are promptly identified and considered from an operational and customer service perspective.
make decisions	4.2 Short term action is initiated to resolve the immediate problem where appropriate.
	4.3 Problems are analysed for any long term impact and potential solutions are assessed and actioned in consultation with relevant colleagues.
	4.4 Where problem is raised by a team member, they are encouraged to participate in solving the problem.

Dogg 102 of 102	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 103 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

4.5 Follow up action is taken to monitor the effectiveness of	
solutions in the workplace.	

Variables	Range	
Problems	May include but not limited to:	
	difficult customer service situations	
	equipment breakdown/technical failure	
	delays and time difficulties	
	competence	
Workplace	May include but is not limited to:	
records	staff records and regular performance reports	

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of Competence	 Demonstrates skills and knowledge in: ability to effectively monitor and respond to a range of common operational and service issues in the workplace understanding of the role of staff involved in workplace monitoring knowledge of quality assurance, principles of workflow planning, delegation and problem solving 	
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	Demonstrate knowledge of: roles and responsibilities in monitoring work operations overview of leadership and management responsibilities principles of work planning and principles of delegation typical work organization methods appropriate to the sector quality assurance principles and time management problem solving and decision making processes industrial and/or legislative issues which affect short term work organization as appropriate to industry sector	
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrate skills to: • monitor and improve workplace operations • plan and organize workflow • maintain workplace records	
Resource Implications	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of Assessment	Competence may be assessed through:Interview / Written TestObservation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of Assessment	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated work place setting.	

Page 104 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 104 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III	
Unit Title Apply Quality Control	
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 12 0114
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, attitudes and skills required in applying quality control in the workplace.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Implement quality standards	Agreed quality standard and procedures are acquired and confirmed.
standards	1.2 Standard procedures are introduced to organizational staff/personnel.
	1.3 Quality standard and procedures documents are provided to employees in accordance with the organization policy.
	1.4 Standard procedures are revised / updated when necessary.
Assess quality of service delivered	2.1 Services delivered are <i>quality checked</i> against organization <i>quality standards</i> and specifications.
delivered	2.2 Service delivered are evaluated using the appropriate evaluation <i>quality parameters</i> and in accordance with organization standards.
	2.3 Causes of any identified faults are identified and corrective actions are taken in accordance with organization policies and procedures.
Record information	3.1 Basic information on the quality performance is recorded in accordance with organization procedures.
	3.2 Records of work quality are maintained according to the requirements of the organization.
Study causes of quality deviations	4.1 Causes of deviations from final outputs or services are investigated and reported in accordance with organization procedures.
	4.2 Suitable preventive action is recommended based on organization quality standards and identified causes of deviation from specified quality standards of final service or output.
5. Complete documentation	5.1 Information on quality and other indicators of service performance is recorded.
	5.2 All service processes and outcomes are recorded.

Variable	Range	
Quality check	May include but not limited to:	
	Check against design / specifications	
	Visual inspection and Physical inspection	

Page 105 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 105 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Quality standards	May include but not limited to:	
	Materials	
	Components	
	• Process	
	Procedures	
Quality parameters	May include but not limited to:	
	Standard Design / Specifications	
	Material Specification	

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrates skills and knowledge to:	
Competence	 Check completed work continuously against organization standard 	
	Identify and isolate faulty or poor service	
	Check service delivered against organization standards	
	 Identify and apply corrective actions on the causes of identified faults or error 	
	Record basic information regarding quality performance	
	Investigate causes of deviations of services against standard	
	Recommend suitable preventive actions	
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:	
Knowledge	Relevant quality standards, policies and procedures	
	Characteristics of services	
	Safety environment aspects of service processes	
	Evaluation techniques and quality checking procedures	
	Workplace procedures and reporting procedures	
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:	
	interpret work instructions, specifications and standards	
	appropriate to the required work or service	
	carry out relevant performance evaluation	
	maintain accurate work records	
	meet work specifications and requirements	
D	communicate effectively within defined workplace procedures	
Resource	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,	
Implications	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to	
Methods of	information on workplace practices and OHS practices. Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
ASSESSITION	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a	
Assessment	simulated work place setting.	
/ 103033111GHL	Simulated work place setting.	

Page 106 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III		
Unit Title	Lead Workplace Communication	
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 13 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, attitudes and skills needed to lead in the dissemination and discussion of information and issues in the workplace.	

Elements	Performance Criteria	
1. Communicate	1.1	Appropriate <i>communication method</i> is selected.
information about workplace	1.2	Multiple operations involving several topics areas are communicated accordingly.
processes	1.3	Questions are used to gain extra information.
	1.4	Correct sources of information are identified.
	1.5	Information is selected and organized correctly.
	1.6	Verbal and written reporting is undertaken when required.
	1.7	Communication skills are maintained in all situations.
2. Lead workplace	2.1	Response to workplace issues is sought.
discussion	2.2	Response to workplace issues are provided immediately.
	2.3	Constructive contributions are made to workplace discussions on such issues as production, quality and safety.
	2.4	Goals/objectives and action plan undertaken in the workplace are communicated.
3. Identify and	3.1	Issues and problems are identified as they arise.
communicate issues arising in the workplace	3.2	Information regarding problems and issues are organized coherently to ensure clear and effective communication.
'	3.3	Dialogue is initiated with appropriate staff/personnel.
	3.4	Communication problems and issues are raised as they arise.

Variable	Range
Methods of	May include but not limited to:
communication	Non-verbal gestures
	Verbal
	Face to face
	Two-way radio
	Speaking to groups
	Using telephone
	Written
	Using Internet

Page 107 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

• Cell phone

Evidence Guide		
Critical Aspects of	Demonstrates skills and knowledge to:	
Competence	Deal with a range of communication/information at one time	
	Make constructive contributions in workplace issues	
	Seek workplace issues effectively	
	Respond to workplace issues promptly	
	Present information clearly and effectively written form	
	Use appropriate sources of information	
	Ask appropriate questions	
	Provide accurate information	
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:	
Knowledge and	Organization requirements for written and electronic	
Attitudes	communication methods	
	Effective verbal communication methods	
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:	
	Organize information	
	Understand and convey intended meaning	
	Participate in variety of workplace discussions	
	Comply with organization requirements for the use of written	
_	and electronic communication methods	
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,	
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to	
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
0	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a	
Assessment	simulated work place setting.	

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III		
Unit Title	Lead Small Teams	
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 14 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the skills, knowledge and attitudes required to determine individual and team development needs and facilitate the development of the work group.	

Elements	Performance Criteria		
1. Provide team leadership	1.1 Learning and development needs are systematically identified and implemented in line with organizational requirements .		
	 Learning plan to meet individual and group training and developmental needs is collaboratively developed and implemented. 		
	1.3 Individuals are encouraged to self-evaluate performance and identify areas for improvement.		
	1.4 Feedback on performance of team members is collected from relevant sources and compared with established team learning process.		
2. Foster individual and organizational	2.1 Learning and development program goals and objectives are identified to match the specific knowledge and skills requirements of Competence standards.		
growth	2.2 Learning delivery methods are appropriate to the learning goals, the learning style of participants and availability of equipment and resources.		
	2.3 Workplace learning opportunities and coaching/ mentoring assistance are provided to facilitate individual and team achievement of competencies.		
	2.4 Resources and timelines required for learning activities are identified and approved in accordance with organizational requirements.		
3. Monitor and evaluate workplace learning	3.1 Feedback from individuals or teams is used to identify and implement improvements in future learning arrangements.		
	3.2 Outcomes and performance of individuals/teams are assessed and recorded to determine the effectiveness of development programs and the extent of additional support.		
	3.3 Modifications to learning plans are negotiated to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of learning.		
	3.4 Records and reports of competence are maintained within organizational requirement.		

Page 109 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 109 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

4. Develop team commitment and cooperation	4.1 Open communication processes to obtain and share information is used by team.
	4.2 Decisions are reached by the team in accordance with its agreed roles and responsibilities.
	4.3 Mutual concern and camaraderie are developed in the team.
5. Facilitate accomplishment	5.1 Team members actively participated in team activities and communication processes.
of organizational goals	5.2 Teams members developed individual and joint responsibility for their actions.
	5.3 Collaborative efforts are sustained to attain organizational goals.

Variable	Range
Learning and	May include but not limited to:
development	 Coaching, mentoring and/or supervision
needs	Formal/informal learning program
	Internal/external training provision
	Work experience/exchange/opportunities
	Personal study
	Career planning/development
	Performance appraisals
	Workplace skills assessment
	Recognition of prior learning
Organizational	May include but not limited to:
requirements	Quality assurance and/or procedures manuals
	Goals, objectives, plans, systems and processes
	Legal and organizational policy/guidelines and requirements
	Safety policies, procedures and programs
	Confidentiality and security requirements
	Business and performance plans
	Ethical standards
E III I	Quality and continuous improvement processes and standards
Feedback on	May include but not limited to:
performance	Formal/informal performance appraisals Obtaining foodback from a vacantiages and called avecant.
	Obtaining feedback from supervisors and colleagues Obtaining feedback from clients
	Obtaining feedback from clientsPersonal and reflective behavior strategies
	 Routine and organizational methods for monitoring service
	delivery
Learning delivery	
methods	On the job coaching or mentoring
	Problem solving
	Presentation/demonstration
	Formal course participation
	Work experience and Involvement in professional networks
	Conference/seminar attendance and induction
Page 110 of 122 Mi	Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1 nistry of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014
IVII	histry of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014

Evidence Guide			
Critical Aspects of Competence	 Demonstrates skills and knowledge to: identify and implement learning opportunities for others give and receive feedback constructively facilitate participation of individuals in the work of the team negotiate learning plans to improve the effectiveness of learning prepare learning plans to match skill needs 		
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitude	 access and designate learning opportunities Demonstrates knowledge of: coaching and mentoring principles understanding how to work effectively with team members who have diverse work styles, aspirations, cultures and perspective understanding how to facilitate team development and improvement understanding methods and techniques for eliciting and interpreting feedback understanding methods for identifying and prioritizing personal development opportunities and options knowledge of career paths and competence standards in the industry 		
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to: read and understand a variety of texts, prepare general information and documents according to target audience; spell with accuracy; use grammar and punctuation effective relationships and conflict management receive feedback and report, maintain effective relationships and conflict management organize required resources and equipment to meet learning needs provide support to colleagues organize information; assess information for relevance and accuracy; identify and elaborate on learning outcomes facilitation skills to conduct small group training sessions relate to people from a range of social, cultural, physical and mental backgrounds		
Resource Implications Methods of Assessment	Access to relevant workplace or appropriately simulated environment where assessment can take place Competence may be assessed through: Interview / Written exam		
Context of Assessment	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning Competence may be assessed in the workplace or in a simulated workplace setting		

Page 111 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 111 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III		
Unit Title	Improve Business Practice	
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 15 0114	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the skills, knowledge and attitudes required in promoting, improving and growing business operations.	

Elements	Per	formance Criteria
1. Diagnose the	1.1	Data required for diagnosis is determined and acquired.
business	1.2	Competitive advantage of the business is determined from the data.
	1.3	SWOT analysis of the data is undertaken.
2. Benchmark the	2.1	Sources of relevant benchmarking data are identified.
business	2.2	Key indicators for benchmarking are selected in consultation with key stakeholders.
	2.3	Like indicators of own practice are compared with benchmark indicators.
	2.4	Areas for improvement are identified.
3. Develop plans	3.1	A consolidated list of required improvements is developed.
to improve business performance	3.2	Cost-benefit ratios for required improvements are determined.
portormanoo	3.3	Work flow changes resulting from proposed improvements are determined.
	3.4	Proposed improvements are ranked according to agreed criteria.
	3.5	An action plan is developed and agreed to implement the top ranked improvements.
	3.6	Organizational structures are checked to ensure they are suitable.
4. Develop	4.1	The practice vision statement is reviewed.
marketing and promotional	4.2	Practice <i>objectives</i> are developed/ reviewed.
plans	4.3	Target markets are identified/ refined.
	4.4	Market research data is obtained.
	4.5	Competitor analysis is obtained.
	4.6	Market position is developed/ reviewed.
	4.7	Practice brand is developed.
	4.8	Benefits of practice/practice products/services are identified.
	4.9	Promotion tools are selected/ developed.

Dogg 110 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 112 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

5. Develop	5.1	Plans are developed to increase <i>yield per existing client</i> .
business growth plans	5.2	Plans are developed to add new clients.
growth plans	5.3	Proposed plans are ranked according to agreed criteria.
	5.4	An action plan is developed and agreed to implement the top ranked plans.
	5.5	Practice work practices are reviewed to ensure they support growth plans.
6. Implement and monitor plans	6.1	Implementation plan is developed in consultation with all relevant stakeholders.
	6.2	Indicators of success of the plan are agreed.
	6.3	Implementation is monitored against agreed indicators.
	6.4	Implementation is adjusted as required.

Variable	Range
Data required	May include but not limited to:
includes:	organization capability
	appropriate business structure
	level of client service which can be provided
	internal policies, procedures and practices
	staff levels, capabilities and structure
	market, market definition
	market changes/market segmentation
	market consolidation/fragmentation
	• revenue
	level of commercial activity
	expected revenue levels, short and long term
	revenue growth rate
	break even data
	• pricing policy
	revenue assumptions
	business environment
	economic conditions accial factors
	social factors demographic factors
	demographic factors technological impacts
	technological impactspolitical/legislative/regulative impacts
	 political/legislative/regulative impacts competitors, competitor pricing and response to pricing
	 competitors, competitor pricing and response to pricing competitor marketing/branding
	competitor management competitor products
Competitive	May include but not limited to:
advantage	services/products
	• fees
	• location
	timeframe

Dogg 112 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 113 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

SWOT analysis	May include but not limited to:
	internal strengths such as staff capability, recognized
	• quality
	 internal weaknesses such as poor morale,
	under-capitalization, poor technology
	external opportunities such as changing market and
	economic conditions
	external threats such as industry fee structures, strategic
	•
Vovindinatora	alliances, competitor marketing May include but not limited to:
Key indicators	May include but not limited to:
	salary cost and staffing
	personnel productivity (particularly of principals)
	profitability
	fee structure
	client base
	size staff/principal
	overhead/overhead control
Organizational	May include but not limited to:
structures	Legal structure (partnership, Limited Liability Company, etc.)
	 organizational structure/hierarchy
	reward schemes
Objectives should	
Objectives should	May include but not limited to:
be 'SMART'	S: Specific
	M: Measurable
	A: Achievable
	R: Realistic
	T: Time defined
Market research	May include but not limited to:
data	data about existing clients
	data about possible new clients
	data from internal sources
	data from external sources such as:
	rade associations/journals
	 Yellow Pages small business surveys
	► libraries
	> Internet
	Chamber of Commerce
	> client surveys
	> industry reports
	> secondary market research
	primary market research such as: talanhana surraya.
	> telephone surveys
	personal interviews
<u> </u>	> mail surveys
Competitor	May include but not limited to:
analysis	competitor offerings
	competitor promotion strategies and activities
	competitor profile in the market place
•	•

Page 114 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 114 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Market position	May include but not limited to:
should	• product
include data on:	the good or service provided
morado data on.	product mix
	· ·
	the core product - what is bought
	the tangible product - what is perceived
	the augmented product - total package of consumer
	features/benefits
	product differentiation from competitive products
	new/changed products
	Price and pricing strategies (cost plus, supply/demand, ability
	to pay, etc.)
	Pricing objectives (profit, market penetration, etc.)
	cost components
	market position
	distribution strategies
	marketing channels
	• promotion
	promotional strategies
	target audience
	communication
	promotion budget
Practice brand	May include but not limited to:
	practice image
	practice logo/letter head/signage
	phone answering protocol
	facility decor
	• slogans
	templates for communication/invoicing
	style guide
	writing style
	AIDA (attention, interest, desire, action)
Benefits	May include but not limited to:
	features as perceived by the client
	benefits as perceived by the client
Promotion tools	May include but not limited to:
	networking and referrals
	• seminars
	advertising
	• press releases
	 publicity and sponsorship
	brochures
	 newsletters (print and/or electronic)
	websites
	direct mail
	telemarketing/cold calling
Yield per existing	May include but not limited to:
TIGIU PET EXISTING	may molade but not innited to.

Dog 115 of 100	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 115 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

client	raising charge out rates/fees
	packaging fees
	reduce discounts
	sell more services to existing clients

Evidence Guide			
Critical Aspects of Competence	 ability to ability to knowled ability to business ability to ability to implement ability to ability to 	analyze data and determine areas of imposed in a negotiate required improvements to ens	ness on sources within a provement ure rements nendations
Underpinning Knowledge and Attitudes	Demonstrat	tes knowledge of: alysis nication skills er skills to manipulate data and present in ion skills solving g skills ng principles acquire and interpret relevant data product and marketing mix narket intelligence ment and implementation strategies of pr	formation
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skill in: data analysis and manipulation ability to acquire and interpret required data, current practice systems and structures and sources of relevant benchmarking data applying methods of selecting relevant key benchmarking indicators communication skills working and consulting with others when developing plans for the business planning skills, negotiation skills and problem solving using computers to manipulate, present and distribute information		
Resources Implication Methods of	including wo	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations, including work areas, materials and equipment, and to information on workplace practices and OHS practices. Competence may be assessed through:	
	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 116 of 122 M	nistry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Page 116 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 116 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

Assessment	Interview / Written Test
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a simulated
Assessment	work place setting.

Occupational Standard: Mineral Exploration Level III	
Unit Title	Prevent and Eliminate MUDA
Unit Code	MIN MEO3 16 0114
Unit Descriptor	This unit of competence covers the knowledge, skills and attitude required by a worker to prevent and eliminate MUDA/wastes in his/her their workplace. It covers responsibility for the day-to-day operation of the work and ensures Kaizen elements are continuously improved and institutionalized.

Elements	Performance Criteria
Prepare for work.	1.1 Work instructions are used to determine job requirements, including method, material and equipment.
	1.2 Job specifications are read and interpreted following working manual.
	1.3 OHS requirements , including dust and fume collection, breathing apparatus and eye and ear personal protection needs are observed throughout the work.
	1.4 Appropriate material is selected for work.
	1.5 Safety equipment and tools are identified and checked for safe and effective operation.
2. Identify MUDA.	2.1 Plan of MUDA identification is prepared and implemented.
	2.2 Causes and effects of MUDA are discussed.
	2.3 Tools and techniques are used to draw and analyze current situation of the work place.
	2.4 Wastes/MUDA are identified and measured based on <i>relevant procedures</i> .
	2.5 Identified and measured wastes are reported to relevant personnel.
3. Eliminate	3. 1. Plan of MUDA elimination is prepared and implemented.
wastes/MUDA.	3. 2. Necessary attitude and <i>the ten basic principles for improvement</i> are adopted to eliminate waste/MUDA.
	3. 3. Tools and techniques are used to eliminate wastes/MUDA based on the procedures and OHS.
	3. 4. Wastes/MUDA are reduced and eliminated in accordance with OHS and organizational requirements.
	3. 5. Improvements gained by elimination of waste/MUDA are reported to relevant bodies.
4. Prevent	4.1 Plan of MUDA prevention is prepared and implemented.
occurrence of wastes/MUDA.	4.2 Standards required for machines, operations, defining normal and abnormal conditions, clerical procedures and

Page 118 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

procurement are discussed and prepared.
4.3 Occurrences of wastes/MUDA are prevented by using <i>visual</i> and auditory control methods.
4.4 Waste-free workplace is created using 5W and 1Hsheet.
4.5 The completion of required operation is done in accordance with standard procedures and practices.
4.6 The updating of standard procedures and practices is facilitated.
4.7 The capability of the work team that aligns with the requirements of the procedure is ensured.

Variable	Range			
OHS requirements	May include but not limited to:			
	 Are to be in accordance with legislation/ regulations/codes of practice and enterprise safety policies and procedures. This may include protective clothing and equipment, use of tooling and equipment, workplace environment and safety, handling of material, use of fire fighting equipment, enterprise first aid, hazard control and hazardous materials and substances. Personal protective equipment is to include that prescribed under legislation/regulations/codes of practice and workplace policies and practices. Safe operating procedures are to include, but are not limited to the conduct of operational risk assessment and treatments associated with workplace organization. Emergency procedures related to this unit are to include but may not be limited to emergency shutdown and stopping of equipment, extinguishing fires, enterprise first aid requirements and site evacuation. 			
Safety equipment	May include but not limited to:			
and tools	dust masks / goggles			
	• glove			
	working cloth			
	• first aid			
	safety shoes			
Tools and	May include but not limited to:			
techniques	Plant Layout			
	Process flow			
	Other Analysis tools			
	Do time study by work element			
	Measure Travel distance Take a photo of workplace			
	Take a photo of workplace Macauma Tatal stand			
	Measure Total steps Make list of items/products, who produces them and who			
	Make list of items/products, who produces them and who uses them % these in warehouses, storages etc.			
	uses them & those in warehouses, storages etc.			
	 Focal points to Check and find out existing problems 			
	• 5S pyright Mineral Exploration Version 1			
	of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014			

	Layout improvement
	Brainstorming
	• Andon
	U-line
	• In-lining
	Unification
	Multi-process handling & Multi-skilled operators
	A.B. control (Two point control)
	Cell production line
	TPM (Total Productive Maintenance)
Relevant	May include but not limited to:
procedures	Make waste visible
	Be conscious of the waste
	Be accountable for the waste.
	Measure the waste.
The ten basic	May include but not limited to:
principles for	 Throw out all of your fixed ideas about how to do things.
improvement	 Think of how the new method will work- not how it won.
	 Don't accept excuses. Totally deny the status quo.
	 Don't seek perfection. A 5o percent implementation rate is
	fine as long as it's done on the spot.
	 Correct mistakes the moment they are found.
	 Don't spend a lot of money on improvements.
	 Problems give you a chance to use your brain.
	 Ask "why?" at least five times until you find the ultimate
	cause.
	 Ten people's ideas are better than one person's.
	Improvement knows no limits.
Visual and auditory	May include but not limited to:
control methods	Red Tagging
	Sign boards
	Outlining
	Andons
	Kanban, etc.
5W and 1H	May include but not limited to:
	Who
	What
	Where
	When
	Why
	How

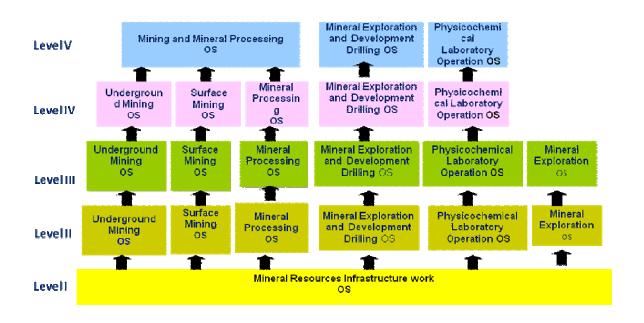
Evidence Gui	de			
Critical Aspects of		Demonstrates skills and knowledge to:		
Competence		 discuss why wastes occur in the workplace 		
		 discuss causes and effects of wastes/MUDA in the workplace 		
		 analyze the current situation of the workplace by using 		
		approp	priate tools and techniques	
Page 120 of 122	C	opyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
1 490 120 01 122	Ministr	y of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	 identify, measure, eliminate and prevent occurrence of wastes by using appropriate tools and techniques use 5W and 1H sheet to prevent
Underpinning	Demonstrates knowledge of:
Knowledge and Attitudes	 Targets of customers and manufacturer/service provider Traditional and kaizen thinking of price setting Kaizen thinking in relation to targets of manufacturer/service provider and customer value
	 The three categories of operations the 3"MU"
	waste/MUDA
	wastes occur in the workplaceThe 7 types of MUDA
	 The Benefits of identifying and eliminating waste Causes and effects of 7 MUDA
	Procedures to identify MUDA
	 Necessary attitude and the ten basic principles for improvement
	Procedures to eliminate MUDA
	Prevention of wastes
	Methods of waste prevention
	 Definition and purpose of standardization
	 Standards required for machines, operations, defining normal and abnormal conditions, clerical procedures and procurement
	Methods of visual and auditory control
	TPM concept and its pillars.
	Relevant Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) and environment requirements
	Plan and report
	Method of communication
Underpinning Skills	Demonstrates skills to:
oridorphining ortino	draw & analyze current situation of the work place
	use measurement apparatus (stop watch, tape, etc.)
	calculate volume and area
	 use and follow checklists to identify, measure and eliminate wastes/MUDA
	 identify and measure wastes/MUDA in accordance with OHS and procedures
	 use tools and techniques to eliminate wastes/MUDA in accordance with OHS procedure
	apply 5W and 1H sheet
	 update and use standard procedures for completion of required operation
	work with others
	read and interpret documents
	observe situations
	Copyright Mineral Exploration Version 1
	ry of Education Ethiopian Occupational Standard January 2014

Page 121 of 122	Copyright	Mineral Exploration	Version 1
Page 121 of 122	Ministry of Education	Ethiopian Occupational Standard	January 2014

	solve problems	
	communicate	
	 gather evidence by using different means 	
	 report activities and results using report formats 	
Resources	Access is required to real or appropriately simulated situations,	
Implication	including work areas, materials and equipment, and to	
	information on workplace practices and OHS practices.	
Methods of	Competence may be assessed through:	
Assessment	Interview / Written Test	
	Observation / Demonstration with Oral Questioning	
Context of	Competence may be assessed in the work place or in a	
Assessment	simulated work place setting.	

MINERAL EXPLORATION, MINING AND MINERAL PROCESSING



Acknowledgement

We wish to extend thanks and appreciation to the many representatives of business, industry, academe and government agencies who donated their time and expertise to the development of this occupational standard.

We would like also to express our appreciation to Federal TVET Agency, Ministry of Education (MoE), Ministry of Mining who made the development of this occupational standard possible.

This occupational standard was developed in January 2014 at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia.

COMMENT TEMPLATE

The Federal TVET Agency values your feedback of the document.
If you would like someone to personally contact you, please provide the following
information:
Name:
Region:
Phone number:
Email:
Contact preference: Phone E-mail
Please, leave a comment.

Thank you for your time and consideration to complete this. For additional comments, please contact us on:

- Phone# +251911207386/+251911641248/+251923787992 and
- E-mail: bizunehdebebe@yahoo.com/ Ababaw_maemer@yahoo.com/won_get@yahoo.com.